DIGVIJAY INSURANCE CO., LTD.
1946 FIGURES
Total business .....Rs. 1,00,00,000
Completed business in 1945 .....Rs. 27,00,000
Premium income nearly .....Rs. 4,00,000
WANTED CHIEF AGENTS and ORGANISERS
Apply to:—H. N. ASHAR, Esq., Mg. Director, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Regd. No. B. 1067

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 192 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

BEST BRAIN TONIC
RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL
SPECIAL No. 1.
ENDS BALDNESS INCREASES MEMORY, INSURES EYE-SIGHT, IMPARTS SOUND SLEEP. REMOVES GRAY HAIR, STOPS FALLING HAIR, REMOVES DANDRUFF.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
SANDHURST Rd BOMBAY 4.
Rs. 3/8 1½ BOTTLE Rs. 2, 8 oz BOTTLE

NEHRU AGREES TO FORM INTERIM GOVT.

Will Discuss Proposals With Viceroy

LONDON SEES IN NEW MOVE GREAT OPPORTUNITY

Will League Bury Past And Look To Future?

WARDHA, August 12. (A.P.A.): "The Viceroy has asked the Congress President to form an Interim Government and the President has accepted the invitation", was the announcement by the Secretary of the Congress tonight.

It was a whistling President who emerged today at the Working Committee meeting, his face beaming, wreathed in smiles.

Pandit Nehru avoided pressmen and went straight to his apartment.

All-round jubilation was expressed and Premier Shukla of the Central Provinces jokingly remarned to a pressman greeting him with "Jai Hind!": "Hereafter you will have to do so", he said.

INTERIM GOVT. PERSONNEL

The Associated Press of India says: Congress quarters in Wardha expect the personnel of the Interim Government to be announced some time next week.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, may leave tomorrow for Bombay and after a brief stay there, will fly to Delhi. It is learnt that the details regarding the personnel of the Interim Government and other matters will be decided by the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee and the Working Committee is not likely to be summoned in Delhi.

It is learnt that the Congress President, Pandit Nehru when he interviews the Viceroy will submit two lists of names one inclusive of representatives of the Muslim League and the other excluding them.

The Muslim League will be invited to join the Interim Government and a reasonable time would be given for them to decide. If, however, the League is unable to accept the invitation, the other list, namely, the one excluding them will take effect.

There will, however, be no delay in the formation of the Interim Government pending receipt of the decision of the League. In any event, those who are not members of the League Party would be sworn in the first instance.

NO CONDITIONS

"There are no conditions attached to the Congress taking over responsibility to form Government", a top-ranking Congress leader told the Associated Press of India reporter today. He emphasised that after having agreed to hand over the responsibility to run the Government to a majority party, which represents the majority of the people, the Congress also took over the responsibility regarding minority question. He spoke with the quiet confidence that the Congress would be able to tackle the problems that would present themselves soon after it took Office.

He said: "We do not want any injustice to be done to any party or group or individuals. What we desire is the happiness and prosperity of the four hundred million."

NEHRU'S STATEMENT TODAY

The Viceroy's letter to Pandit Nehru acknowledging acceptance of the invitation and the text of the 'communique' released tonight was handed over to the Congress President late this evening. Pandit Nehru declined to be interviewed today, but said he would make a statement tomorrow.

When a summary of the statement which Mr. Jinnah made earlier today on the Congress Working Committee's resolution reiterating its acceptance of the State Paper in its entirety was shown to Pandit Nehru, he scanned the report pensively lighted a cigarette and retired into his room.

NEHRU TO MEET VICEROY

NEW DELHI, August 12. (A.P.I.): The following 'communique' has been issued from the Viceroy's House:—

"His Excellency the Viceroy, with the approval of His Majesty's Government, has invited the President of the Congress to make proposals for the immediate formation of an 'Interim Government, and the President of the Congress has accepted the invitation.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will shortly visit New Delhi to discuss his proposals with His Excellency the Viceroy".

MARKED STATESMANSHIP

The report that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, has accepted Lord Wavell's invitation to form the Interim Government immediately, finally lays at rest all doubts that the Congress might still hesitate to do so.

According to the "Associated Press of India" lobby correspondent, political observers highly commend the Congress attitude which has shown marked statesmanship. Although Mr. Jinnah in a statement this evening says that the Muslim Leage is where it was and that their plan of action will not be affected by the Congress Working Committee's resolution, well-informed quarters believe it to be certain that the step the Congress will take after assuming office will be to make a direct approach to the Muslim League for their full co-operation.

It is learnt that the Congress President has made it perfectly clear to the Viceroy that the Congress Cabinet will implement the Working Committee's resolution in this respect. The personnel of the Interim Cabinet will be settled as soon as Pandit Nehru meets the Viceroy, the date of which has been entirely left to him.

Informed quarters opine that there will be no whittling down of the ratio of Muslim and non-Muslim representation on the Cabinet.

It is considered probable that both the Interim Government and the Constituent Assembly will begin to function from about the middle of September next. The Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly is working at a very high speed to complete all the arrangements in order to enable the Constituent Assembly to meet on second September, the date originally fixed, but it is expected that there may be a short postponement.

CONGRESS POLICY TOWARDS LABOUR

WARDHA, August 12. (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee today discussed the labour question and the series of strikes now overtaking the country. The Committee has appointed a small Sub-Committee to examine the problem and draft a report outlining Congress policy towards Labour.

Provided plane facilities are available Sardar Patel is arranging to fly to Bombay tomorrow.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari is leaving by air from Nagpur for Madras tomorrow.

LONDON REACTION

Great Step Forward

LONDON, August 12 (Reuter): The news that the Viceroy had asked Pandit Nehru to form an Interim Indian Government and that the Pandit had accepted it has caused lively interest in Indian circles in London.

A spokesman of the India League, the chief pro-Congress organisation in Great Britain and most influential of all Indian organisations here, told 'Reuter' tonight: "It is great news. We are delighted to hear it and have full confidence in Pandit Nehru's decision. We believe that this is a great step forward to India's attainment of independence."

Non-League Muslims are also enthusiastic at the news and consider that of all Indian leaders Pandit Nehru is most fitted to lead the Interim Government. Opinion is being expressed here that one of the first things Pandit Nehru will do will be to invite Muslims who do not belong to any communal organization to assist him in the Government.

FAIR DEAL FOR LEAGUE

Typical of this non-League Muslim opinion was expressed tonight by Mr. Surat Alley, Founder Member and former Secretary of the Federation of Indian Associations in Great Britain.

"We have been waiting for this news and now it has come", Mr. Alley said. "We are glad to hear it, but we would like the Congress to take an honourable attitude towards the Muslim League, which, after all, cannot be regarded as a minority. I hope that Congress leaders, who have been fighting for Natonal Independence will ensure a just settlement, for in the Constituent Assembly minority rights must be safeguarded as in every other country."

PILAK'S HOPES

Mr. H. S. Polak, Doyen of the In-

(Continued on page 5).

The Dauntless Jew.: You better watch out! I have my cousin from America.
The Arab: O yeah! Meet my little Indian friend.
From the "Middle East Opinion"

JINNAH SEES NO CHANGE IN CONGRESS ATTITUDE

Wardha Resolution Does Not Call For Revision Of League Decision

"The latest resolution of the Congress Working Committee passed at Wardha on the 10th August does not carry us anywhere, because it is only a repetition of the Congress stand taken by them from the very beginning only put in a different language and phraseology", says Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League in the course of a lengthy statement to the press. Mr. Jinnah discusses the Congress resolution in detail and says: "This is what they say with regard to their decision on the long-term plan:

"The Committee further note that criticisms have been advanced on behalf of the Muslim League to the effect that Congress acceptance of the proposal contained in the statement of May 16 was conditional. The Committee wish to make it clear that while they did not approve of all the proposals contained in this statement, they accepted the scheme in its entirety."

PROVINCIAL GROUPING

The resolution further continues:—

"They interpreted it so as to resolve the inconsistency contained in it and fill the omissions in accordance with the principle laid down in that statement."

Therefore, to start with, they are free to resolve the inconsistency and fill in the omissions. How can that be in accordance with the principle laid down in that statement? What is the inconsistency and what are the omissions?

The resolution proceeds further and says:

"They hold that Provincial Autonomy is a basic provision and each province has the right to decide whether to form or join a group or not."

Therefore they maintain that it is open to the Congress to decide whether any particular province could join the group or not. But they go on to say:—

"The question of interpretations will be decided by the procedure laid down in the statement itself and the Congress will advise its representatives to the Constituent Assembly to function accordingly."

Who will decide this question of interpretations and by what procedure and what is the procedure laid down in the statement for the purpose of interpreting the statement or any Clause thereof except by the brute majority?

SOVEREIGN CHARACTER

The resolution then goes on further:

"The Committee have emphasised the sovereign character of the Constituent Assembly, that is, the right to function and draw up the Constitution for India without the interference of any external power or authority, but the Assembly will naturally function within the internal limitations which are inherent in its task and will further seek the largest measure of co-operation in drawing up the constitution of Free India, allowing the greatest measure

(Continued on page 4)

Congress Walk Out

UPROAR IN BENGAL ASSEMBLY

CALCUTTA, August 12. (A.P.I.): The Congress Assembly party walked out of the Bengal Legislative Assembly today as a protest against "the Government's policy in giving effect to a party decision through Governmental authority", in declaring August 16 as a Public Holiday.

This action of the Congress party was the outcome of the refusal of consent by the Deputy Speaker, Mr. Tofazal Ali to allow the party's Deputy Leader, Mr. Dhirendra Nath Dutta, to move an adjournment motion on the subject.

Uproarious scene marked today's proceedings of the House, which was once adjourned for 15 minutes, "to consider what steps might be taken to restore the degnity of the House", the Chair holding that it was impossible to continue the proceedings.

No Clash With Praja Mandals

Wardha Directives To Congress Committees In States

Following is the full text of the Working Committee's resolution encouraging the formation of Praja Mandals in the States:—

"The attention of the Working Committee has been drawn to the fact that there is some conflict between Praja Mandals and Congress Committees in certain States, more especially in Indore and in other parts of Central India. The general policy of the Congress has long been to encourage the formation of Praja Mandals and like organisations in the States and to discourage the formation of Congress Committees there. This policy holds and, therefore, any existing Congress Committee in a State must avoid any conflict on the political or Parliamentary field with established Praja Mandals and work in co-operation with them, the political policy being laid down by the Praja Mandals. Further, no new Congress Committees should be formed in the States or be affiliated to a Provincial Congress Committee. This resolution shall be adhered to till suitable provisions are made for the States in a revision of the Congress Constitution.

FANTASTIC AND ABSURD

Jawahar On Hyderabad Reforms: Calls For Their Withdrawal

STATES AND PEOPLE

WARDHA, August 12. (A.P.A.): In an exclusive interview with the Associated Press of America, Pandit Nehru discussed the problem of Princely States and their place in an Indian Union. Pandit Nehru said:

"The Congress policy towards the States is that they are to be integral parts of India, with the largest possible autonomy. There being hundreds of States of all sizes, it is impossible to treat them alike. Obviously only the major States are big enough to form units of a Federation or Union. The others must either form units or be absorbed in some existing unit like a province."

"A State which forms a unit will have exactly the same measure of autonomy as a province. There should be no difference in their status."

NO PLACE FOR AUTOCRACY

Pandit Nehru commented that "we have deliberately tried to make a friendly approach to the Rulers so as to find a way out by peaceful and co-operative methods, but it is obvious that there can be no autocracy in the future anywhere in India, and the people of the States, as the people of the rest of India, must have the final authority."

"There has been some response from a few of the Rulers, but on the whole this has been feeble. In some notable cases attempts have been made even to put the clock back."

FANTASTIC AND ASSURD.

"In the premier State of India, Hyderabad, a new scheme of so-called reforms is being introduced. This is fantastic and absurd, and is evidently meant to perpetuate the backward and feudal character of the regime. Hyderabad is the most feudal and reactionary of the States in India. These reforms have already been rejected by the People's Organisation, and the sooner they are withdrawn, the better, because they will only create trouble".

"The only correct line of approach there and elsewhere is towards a Responsible Government and Democacy."

"In another Major State, Kaashmir, there is at present a struggle going on between the people and the Government, and the people's movement has been sought to be repressed by fierce repression."

COCHIN RULER'S STATEMENT.

"In one important southern State, however, Cochin, the Maharajah has recently made a statement which it is pleasant to read after so many assertions elsewhere of autocracy and the rulers' privileges. He has accepted the objective of Responsible Government for the State, and I hope he will soon give effect to it."

"....Nowhere else in the world is there anything like this system of Indian States. Even now they are largely dependent upon the Political Department of the Government of India. With the removal of the British authority from India the whole present basis of the system goes, and inevitably the people of the State will have their say as to their future."

"The People's Organisation has already made it clear that they want full democratic Government within the Union of India."

REPLY TO SIR C. P.

At another point, Pandit Nehru said that "it is also evident that the same measure of democratic liberty must prevail in both (Princely State and Province), and fundamental rights will be common to all the Federated units of the Indian Union. There may be minor differences in regard to the internal administrative arrangements, but there is bound to be a tendency towards uniformity and the same standards of Administration and personal liberty."

"The Congress as well as the States People's Organisation have said that the rulers may remain as constitutional heads, but that their people must have full Responsible Government. That is to say, that sovereignty must rest with the people. It is for the people to decide the inner constitution of the State, and the form of Administration."

STOP PRESS

INDONESIAN MINISTER ACCUSES ALLIED H. Q.

BATAVIA, August 12 (Reuter): Dr. Amir Sjarifoedin, Minister of Defence, in a letter to the Allied headquarters published today said that the Allies had violated "in letter and in spirit" the agreement for evacuation of Allied prisoners of war and internees in Central Java.

He calls for a "clear and unequivocal undertaking that there will be no further violation by the Allies of the Jogjakarta Agreement of April 2, or provocative actions by men under the Allied Command."

Russian 'Political Bombshell' On Turkey

DEMANDS SHARE IN CONTROL OF DARDANELLES

Conference Of Signatory Powers May Be Next Step

ISTANBUL, August 12. (Reuter): It was reported here today that the Turkish Cabinet newly formed by M. Redjep Pekeu had already considered a draft of the reply to the Soviet Government's note asking for the revision of the Montreux Convention, governing the traffic through the Dardanelles.

The Soviet Union, these reports said, not only sought revision of the Straits Convention, but demanded a share with Turkey in the control and Defence of the Dardenelles. The Turkish Cabinet met several times yesterday, concluding with a late night sitting.

Official quarters still kept silence today about the contents of the Russian note, which is regarded here as a "political bombshell". It is expected that the Turkish Government will soon publish the full texts of the Soviet Note and the Turkish Reply.

PLEA FOR REVISION OF MONTREUX CONVENTION

LONDON, August 12. (Reuter): The Soviet Government has informed Britain that it wishes the Montreux Straits Convention of 1936 to be revised, a Foreign Office spokesman stated in London this morning.

This announcement, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent points out, follows unconfirmed reports from Ankara during the week-end that the Turkish Government had been informed that the Soviet Union intended to secure a revision of the terms.

The Montreux Convention, which was signed in 1936, has governed navigational conditions in the Dardanelles (Straits linking the Mediterranean, and the Black Sea) and is valid for a period of 20 years from November 9, 1936 the date on which it came into force through ratification by all signatories except Japan until November 9, 1956.

Amendments may, however, be proposed by any of the signatories at each period of five years after ratification, provided notification is given three months before the expiry of the five year period.

It is reliably believed in London that the Soviet Government deposited proposals for a substantial amendment of the convention with each of the signatory Powers by August 9, three months before the expiry of the second five year period.

The next step will presumably be to convene a conference of the Signatory Powers with the probable inclusion of the United States and the exclusion of Japan. The states who signed the Montreaux convention in 1936 were: Bulgaria, France, Britain, Greece, Japan, Rumania, Turkey, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia.

Prof. V. B. Kamath On Indian Reds

LONDON, Aug. 12 (Reuter): The Communists have very little support from the Indian Masses "who are always behind the Congress," declared Prof. V. B. Kamath, Secretary of the Federation of Indian Association in Great Britain, at a meeting in Swaraj House here last night to commemorate the "Quit India" movement of 1942. Indian Communists were not with the Congress and proclaimed Britain's "imperialist war" as the "people's war" Prof. Kamath said.

Dr. N. Ganguli, the Indian author who presided at the meeting, said "Quit India" should be followed by "Quit Asia" and "Quit Colonies." He welcomed the proposal by the President of the Congress, Pandit Nehru, to hold a conference of Asiatic nations early next year.

Mr. N. Chi, the Chinese writer, said that he welcomed the proposal of a conference of Asiatic nations, adding that "countries in the great continent of Asia are interdependent."

ATTLEE TO RECEIVE DEPUTATION OF LEAGUERS IN BRITAIN

LONDON, August 12, (Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee has promised through his Secretary to receive a deputation from the All-India Muslim League members in Britain if he has returned from his brief holiday by Thursday. This news was given to Reuter's special correspondent, by Mr. Mohammad Abbas Ali, President of the London Branch of the League, as the latest move in planning for the "direct action day" and its observance by Muslims in Britain on Thursday.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug 12.

Previous Closing	36 07
Today's Opening	36 33
Difference	+ 26
Today's Closing	35 91
Difference	— 16

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Aug 12.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices General Motors 67, Anaconda Copper Mining 47, United States Steel Common 88-7/8, United States Steel preference unquoted.—(Reuter.)

Bata
Est 1894
Fresh!
The gentle cleansing and emollient properties of Bata Tearose Soap make your complexion fresh, smooth and invitingly lovely as flowers at dawn.
Bata
TEAROSE SOAP
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY

No Communal Or Communist Inspiration

SHEIKH ABDULLAH CLARIFIES "QUIT KASHMIR" MOVEMENT IN SEDITION TRIAL

The following is the statement of Sheikh Abdullah submitted to the Sessions Judge of Srinagar in the sedition case launched by the State against him:—

"I have pleaded not guilty to the charge of 'sedition', which according to jurists, is a crime against society and I stand by whatever I have said or written in regard to the fundamental rights of the people of Jammu and Kashmir. The reports of my speeches, though neither verbatim nor strictly accurate, are fairly correct. But when reliance is placed in the complaint and the charge, on certain sentences, torn out of their context and not free from distortion, a wrong impression is likely to be produced. I owe it to yourself and the decencies of civilised controversy to state that I have maintained a clear and strict distinction between persons and politics, between individuals and the system of government which they operate, and I would not allow any undignified or indecent reference to or vulgar abuse of anyone anywhere. I have, however, all along sought the alteration of policies and measures and vital change in the system of government by legitimate and civilised means, for it is the birthright of man to shape and mould the law by which he must live.

I must also repudiate the charge that the violence to which the people are alleged to have resorted after my arrest resulted from my speeches, for realism alone would not permit me to contemplate a violent clash between the unarmed people and the armed might of the State. I called a total halt even to speeches after May 16th, and was proceeding to Delhi on May 20th for consultation with the responsible leaders of the All-India States People's Conference. I was not allowed to proceed far and was arrested at Garhi. The news of my arrest naturally called forth a public protest, which was met with violent repression, and the bullet holes in Khanqah-i-Maulla bear silent testimony to it. Subsequently a chain of happenings took place, the bitter memory of which is fresh in everyone's mind. Even upto now fresh links are being forged in that dreadful chain of ruthless suppression and suffering. An elaborate attempt has been made by the prosecution to connect the events that happened after and in consequence of my arrest, which I am advised are irrelevant to the case, with my speeches. Thus, oddly enough, is sought to be justified the precipitate and uncalled for action of the Government in suddenly arresting me and hundreds of our colleagues, and turning the military loose on our people, in pursuance of a policy of frightfulness, resulting in the death, injury, humiliation and harrassment of many innocent men and women.

MORE THAN PERSONAL CHARGE

I am not interested in a personal defence, and I would not have undertaken it, if I had not felt that my trial for 'sedition' is something far more than a personal charge against me. It is, in effect, a trial of the entire population of Jammu and Kashmir, even though some of them, being content with their transient personal interests or out of fear, may not be prepared to recognise or openly declare this. Oppressed by the extreme poverty, misery and lack of freedom and opportunity of the people of Jammu and Kashmir State, I and my colleagues of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference, many of whom are behind prison bars or in exile today, have humbly sought to serve them during the past sixteen years. We have endeavoured to give faithful expression to the growing consciousness among the people of their imprescriptible rights aspirations and desire for freedom. This has attracted the penal and preventive provisions of law. Where law is not based on the will of the people, it can lend itself to the suppression of their aspirations. Such law has no moral validity even though it may be enforced for a while. There is a law higher than that, the law that represents the people's will and secures their well-being, and there is the tribunal of human conscience, which judges the rulers and the ruled alike by standards which do not change by the arbitrary will of the most powerful. To that law I gladly submit and that tribunal I shall face with confidence and without fear, leaving it to history and posterity to pronounce their verdict on the claims I and my colleagues have made not merely on behalf of the four million people of Jammu and Kashmir but also of the ninety-three million people of all the States in India. That claim has not been confined to the people of a particular race, or religion or colour. It applies to all, for I hold that humanity as a whole is indivisible by such barriers and human rights must always prevail. The fundamental rights of all men and women to live and act as free human beings, to make laws and fashion their political, social and economic fabric, so that they may advance the cause of human freedom and progress, are inherent and cannot be denied though they may be suppressed for a while. I hold that sovereignty resides in the people, and all relationships political, social and economic, derive from the collective will of the people. The State and its Head represent the constitutional circumference and the centre of this sovereignty respectively, the Head of the State being the symbol of the authority with which the people may invest him for the realisation of their aspirations and the maintenance of their rights. The people who constitute the State must be the first charge on the resources and the primary concern of the State. In promoting the good of the people there must be no discrimination between one group and another, and all of them should have equal rights, obligations and opportunities. No artificial disability should be permitted to operate to the prejudice of any individual or group or community.

The National Conference of Jammu and Kashmir drew up a plan for the future government of Kashmir, in which it embodied a Charter of the people's rights and obligations, a plan of democratically organised responsible government with a constitutional Head, and an economic structure of society, and called it "NEW KASHMIR."

OLD TREATIES MUST GO

This Conference has clearly laid down that the old treaties between the States and the British Government or its representatives are obsolete, and must end. That applies to all treaties including the Treaty of Amritsar, which has some special and unhappy features which make it a kind of sale-deed of the territory and people of Kashmir. This treatment of a people as a commodity which can be transferred for hard cash has all along been deeply resented by the Kashmiris, whether Hindu, Sikh or Muslim. It hurts their national dignity. In practice, the peculiar nature of the Treaty of Amritsar has led to all kinds of discrimination against the Kashmiris resulting in their treatment as some kind of a lower class.

The demand for the abrogation of the Amritsar Treaty was, in effect, disposed of by this clear decision of the Cabinet Delegation. The future constitutional set up in the State of Jammu and Kashmir cannot derive from the old source of relationship which was expiring and was bound to end soon. That set-up could only rest on the active will of the people of the State, conferring on the Head of the State the title and authority drawn from the true and abiding source of sovereignty, that is the people. The "Quit Kashmir" cry symbolised and gave concrete shape to this demand for the termination of a system of government which was in process of dissolution all over India. That cry had nothing personal about it.

NEITHER COMMUNAL NOR COMMUNIST

Some allegations have been made that "Quit Kashmir" and the demand for the abrogation of the Treaty of Amritsar had communal or communist inspiration. This is a travesty of fact and I deny and repudiate these allegations. The National Conference is essentially a national organisation including in its fold all people who agree with its objective, and co-operating with the All-India States People's Conference, with which it is affiliated. It stands in the all India context for the independence and freedom of India. It stands also for social and economic changes to end privilege and to raise the masses.

It is a small matter whether I am imprisoned and tried and convicted. If my imprisonment and that of my colleagues' serves the cause to which we have dedicated ourselves, then it will be well with us and we shall take pride in thus serving our people and the land of our forefathers.

INDONESIAN REPUBLIC ANNIVERSARY

Direction To Students How To Observe

The Preparatory Committee of Asiatic Youths' and Students' Conference has issued the following appeal to students:

On the 17th August, 1946, falls the first anniversary of the Republic of Indonesia. During these fateful months, Indonesia has waged the war of resistance against the greatest and mighty power, the British, and the Dutch.

The honour and the freedom of Indonesia are as much our honour and freedom. Not only that but Indonesia is the symbol and the torch-bearer of the Asiatic struggle for freedom. Hence it will be an international crime to let Indonesia alone wage this unequal and uncompromising war for existence.

It is not only the Indonesian freedom that is in danger and fought in Indonesia by the Indonesians but also our own freedom, for freedom is indivisible. Hence it is our bounded duty to give our active help to defend the freedom of Indonesia.

In order to reiterate our solidarity with the Indonesian struggle, the following programme should be observed by students throughout India on Saturday, the 17th instant.

8 a. m. Salute the Flag of Free Indonesia, the red and white flag, i.e. the upper half is red and the lower half is white. The flag is to be given Indonesian salute, i.e. the usual military salute.

11 a. m. cycle procession to march before the Dutch Consulates at Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Delhi, Madras, Simla, Colombo and Trincomalie and demonstrate peacefully in front of the Consulates displaying the placards and if possible to protest orally to the respective counsels against the reconquest of Indonesia and against the use of Indian forces in Indonesia. If possible the procession should be carried to the offices of the Provincial Governors, Prime Ministers, Mayors and and Collectors and explain to them the grave situation in Indonesia and to request to convey our protest against the use of our forces in Indonesia, to the British Government in London.

This programme should be executed successfully to mark our solidarity with the Indonesians on this solemnity and the Indonesians on this solemn day and all imports and land mark in Asiatic struggle for freedom.

The following should be written on the Placards:

(1) Down with Imperialism.
(2) Quit Asia.
(3) Away with Dutch Imperialism.
(4) Hands off Indonesia.
(5) Indonesia for Indonesians.
(6) Long Live the Republic of Indonesia.
(7) Long Live Indo-Indonesia Friendship.
(8) Asia for Asiatics.

Appeal To Students

Mr. Dinkar Sakrikar, General Secretary, All-India Students' Congress writes:—

17th of August is the greatest landmark for Indonesia. She has been free since the 17th August, 1945. But during these 12 months Indonesians have been fighting a grim, unequal and uncompromising fight, single-handed, in defending their hard-won independence against the British and Dutch imperialists who use all their land, sea and air power against the Indonesians.

We must consider the honour and independence of Indonesia as our own.

We appeal to all provincial and district branches of the A.I.S.C. to observe the 17th August, 1946, the First Anniversary of the Republic of Indonesia and the Indonesian Independence Day, as our own, and execute the programme announced by the Preparatory Committee, Asiatic Youth's and Students' Conference.

We hope that the provincial branches will give instructions to subordinate branches of the A.I.S.C.

TURKEY WANTED RUSSIA TO BE DESTROYED?

Sensational Secret Despatches Published In 'Pravda'

MOSCOW, August 12 (Reuter): An allegation that M. Chkra Sarajoglu, the Turkish Prime Minister from 1939 until his resignation last week, "passionately wanted Russia to be destroyed" in the war, is contained in secret despatches to the German Foreign Office from Hitler's former Ambassador in Ankara, Franz Von Papen, according to extracts from documents published in the Soviet newspaper 'Pravda'.

In his quoted report on August 27, 1942, on a conversation with M. Sarajoglu, Von Papen stated that he asked the Turkish Premier his view of the "Russian problem." "The Prime Minister answered that he wanted to answer this question both as a Turk and as Prime Minister."

"As a Turk," Von Papen reported, "he passionately wanted Russia to be destroyed". But, according to the 'Pravda,' "Von Papen further added that as Prime Minister M. Sarajoglu stated he considered it necessary to observe neutrality.

Von Papen continued: "The Russian problem can be solved by Germany if at least one half of all Russians residing in Russia are killed. If in future "Russified" regions inhabited by national minorities are forever isolated from Russian influence. And if these regions are put on their own feet, induced to collaborate voluntarily with the powers and brought up as enemies of the Slavs."

In a telegram on January 5, 1942, Von Papen cited an alleged statement by the Turkish President that: "Already Turkey's neutrality is much more advantageous to the Axis countries than to Britain."

The 'Pravda' quoted a telegram, said to have been sent by Ribbentrop to Von Papen on May 17, 1941, saying: "Simultaneously with the official treaty we shall conclude a secret treaty which will permit us unrestricted transit of arms and war materials through Turkey.

"It ought to be laid down in appropriate form that Turkey will not object to these war materials being accompanied in transit by necessary personnel.

"In practice this would be tantamount to permission for disguised transportation of a certain number of troops."

The 'Pravda' said that a new volume of documents, dealing with German policy in Spain would soon appear.

"Undoubtedly it will supply rich and valuable material exposing the German Fascist policy in Spain and Franco's policy."

The 'Pravda,' also published secret German documents dealing with German policy in Hungary, covering a period from 1937 to 1942. "The published documents reveal that the question of collaboration of German and Hungarian general staffs was raised as early as March 1938", the 'Pravda' said.

BR. WARSHIPS FOR JAPAN

KURE, (Japan), Aug. 12. (Reuter): Ships of the British Pacific Fleet, including two aircraft carriers, cruisers, destroyers and submarines, will visit Japan for extensive exercises during August and September.

The fleet, under the command of Vice-Admiral Sir Dennis Boyd, is expected at Kure, former anchorage of the Japanese Grand Fleet, on September 4. It is expected to leave again early in October.

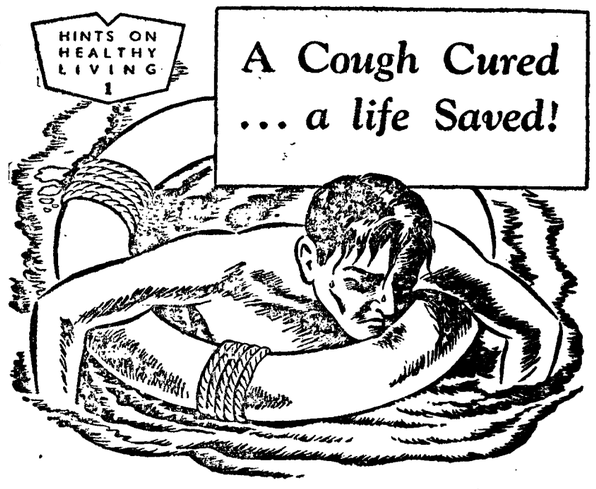
RAJKOT, Aug. 12, (AFI): The Thakore Saheb of Rajkot State today laid the foundation stone of the Rao Bahadur H. B. Kotak Science Institute. Rao Bahadur H. B. Kotak was the former Dewan of Rajkot.

We're all growing up on CADBURYS BOURNVILLE COCOA

They love to take it — and it's so nourishing for them.

C 111

HINTS ON HEALTHY LIVING 1



An attack of cold, followed by irritation of the throat—that is the common cough. Neglected, it may lead to such dangerous sicknesses as bronchitis, asthma—even tuberculosis. Treated and cured in time, it may mean a life saved.

Glycodin Terp Vasaka is widely recommended and prescribed by doctors as a complete cure for the common cough. It gets at-once to the very roots of infection or inflammation and its curative ingredients soothe and help to banish cough completely.

In all cases of cough due to serious organic trouble, consult your doctor.

GLYCODIN TERP-VASAKA SOOTHES AND HELPS KILL COUGH

Alembic Distributors Ltd., Makhania Kuan, Lower Rd., Bankipore, Patna.

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD., BARODA

ALEMBIC DISTRIBUTORS LTD.,
P. O. Box No. 213A, BOMBAY.

AMRITDHARA

in your pocket will save you from many troubles and heavy bills. It is the best first-aid. Used internally or externally. It cures all aches or pains, such as headache, toothache, earache; pains and swellings of bites & stings etc., indigestion, nausea, cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, influenza, etc., etc.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

None equals Amritdhara, you will be disappointed at serious moments. Buy only genuine. Thousands of letters have been received by us from persons who were deceived. Do read the following four.

Hakim Nazir Ahmed of Thakadwara Dist. Muradabad writes:—

"Manager Sahib, I have used your Amritdhara on thousands of patients and always found it effective. At times it proved much more than my expectations.

"Once upon a time I was touring in villages. Amritdhara was consumed. A patient suffering from Cholera was shown to me. I asked the attendant to bring Amritdhara from some nearing town, he told me that Amritdhara whole phial was given to the patient but there was no relief. I asked him to show me the phial, it was not genuine Amritdhara but some other Dhara. I broke that phial and genuine Amritdhara was sent for and its first dose gave relief to the patient who was alright till the morning."

SHRIMAN PANDIT JI.

I was returning from a walk when I was hurt by a bullock cart and I had a severe wound. Amritdhara came to my mind and a shop keeper gave me an imitation and I applied it, but the wound instead of healing began to cause more pain. Afterwards I applied your real Amritdhara and I got relief.

(Sd.) MEHAR SINGH,
Accountant,
Examiner's Office.

"You will be pleased to learn", writes General Secretary, Krishna Sewak Dal, Ludhiana, "that we the members of this society always keep Amritdhara in our kits and use it on accidents & disease to the general public in the fairs where we work as Amritdhara is always successful the society gets appreciation from the public. We were very much disappointed once, when we could not get Amritdhara and we had to purchase.....Dhara of some other firm which proved useless. Your Amritdhara is really a boon to humanity. I warn the public never rely upon any Dhara but Amritdhara.

HOW ANXIOUSLY WRITES Mr. HARI CHAND BHARDWAJ OF AKALGARH, (Gujranwala): "Manager Sahib, Amritdhara Pharmacy, Ltd.

"I have now after experience sworn in my mind that I will never use any other Dhara on such disease as cholera. I should send this message to the public even if I have to spend from my own pocket. I request you to please advertise this fact as far as possible so that the public is warned against the use of imitations. Your Amritdhara is really a panacea and elixir. I am writing this as I have been pained very much. These imitations are lowering your reputation."

Price Rs. 2-8-0, Half Phial 1-4-0 & Sample Phial 0-8-0, to be had everywhere or direct from:

AMRITDHARA PHARMACY LTD., (B. C.) LAHORE

(A copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bengal).

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of capital. In giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them).

AIRWAYS (INDIA) LIMITED.

(SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL REMAIN OPEN FROM 14TH TO 17TH AUGUST 1946, BOTH DAYS INCLUSIVE)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs.	1,00,00,000
Divided into 10,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each.		
ISSUED	Rs.	25,00,000
SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	14,14,250
ACTUALLY PAID UP	Rs.	4,70,695

EXPLANATION:—

Initially Re. 1 with application and Rs. 2 on allotment was taken and after that for a time Rs. 2-8 with application and Rs. 2-8 on allotment. As such the amount paid up is low.

PRESENT ISSUE

2,50,000 Ordinary Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10/- each are now issued; the Directors and their friends have fulfilled their obligation of subscribing at least 50,000 shares—the total shares sold up to date have been 1,41,425. The balance of 1,08,575 shares is now offered to the public at par payable as to Rs. 5/- per share on application and Rs. 5/- per share on allotment.

DIRECTORS

1. Dr. B. C. ROY, D.Sc., M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S. (Eng.), Chairman, 36, Wellington Street, Calcutta, Medical Practitioner. Director: Development of Industries (India) Ltd. Shillong Hydro-Electric Ltd. Hindustan Co-operative Assurance Society, etc.
2. Mr. M. A. H. ISPAHANI, 5, Harrington Street, Calcutta, Merchant. Director: M. M. Ispahani, Ltd. Hind Bank Ltd., etc.
3. DEWAN BAHADUR RADHA KRISHNA JALAN, Qulla House, Patna, Merchant, Director: The Orient Paper Mills Ltd., The Bijoy Cotton Mills Ltd., The New Manbhoom Coal Co. Ltd., The Dacca Electric Supply Co. Ltd., etc.
4. Mr. N. AGARWALLA, 370, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta. Merchant. Director: John Paterson & Co. (India) Ltd., National Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., etc.
5. Mr. ROHINI KUMAR CHOUDHURI, M.L.A. (Central), Shillong. Director: Assam Supplies Agency Ltd. South Bank Motor Transport Co. Ltd., etc.
6. Mr. P. N. ROY CHOWDHURY, Zemindar and Banker, 126, Sovabazar Street, Calcutta. Director: Pioneer Commercial Bank, Ltd. Governing Director: Dongarpur State Bank Ltd., etc.
7. Mr. K. K. ROY, M.Sc., A.F.R.Ae.S. (Eng.), Aeronautical Engineer, 45 Garcha Road, Calcutta.
8. Mr. A. K. CHANDA, M.L.A. (Central), Silchar, Assam.

MANAGER

Mr. K. K. ROY, M.Sc., A.F.R.Ae.S. (Eng.) Late of Fairey Aviation Co. England, China National Aviation Corporation, Hindustan Aircraft Ltd.

SECRETARY

Mr. R. B. SINGH BUDHRAJA. B.Com.

BANKERS

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LTD.
CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

SOLICITORS

G. C. CHUNDER & Co., 6, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.

AUDITORS

G. BASU & Co., Incorporated Accountants, 6 Hastings Street, Calcutta.

REGISTERED OFFICE

STEPHEN HOUSE, 4, DALHOUSIE SQUARE, CALCUTTA.

OBJECTS AND PROSPECTS

The Company has been formed with the particular object of providing air-transport and other objects more fully set out in the Memorandum of Association.

India is a land of vast distances and difficult communications. Rapid industrialisation of the country is essential and inevitable. Such a process demands rapid transport of men and goods involved in industrial enterprises.

THE COMPANY HAS SO FAR PURCHASED EIGHT AIRPLANES, three of which are now with the Hindustan Aircraft Ltd., Bangalore, undergoing conversion, and are expected to be delivered very soon. These three planes, when converted to civilian type, will each carry 21 passengers. Three are now at Dum Dum aerodrome, two of which are five seaters. The remaining two 10-seater modern aircraft (British) have been ordered, delivery of which is expected by the early part of next year. The Company is obtaining all other necessary equipments from the U.S.A. A.F. surplus stock through the Central Government.

The Company hopes to be able to start charter and other air-service operations at an early date. On the 23rd June, 1946, the Company made its first survey flight to Dacca and Sylhet, with a view to start operations on this route almost immediately. The Company is applying for license to operate on four important routes.

PROMOTION MONEY

No promotion money is to be paid or will be paid to any of the promoters.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

The preliminary expenses including brokerage and commissions on shares are estimated not to exceed Rs. 20,000/- and these will be borne by the Company.

INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company can be inspected at any time during the usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company. Copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association can be had on payment of Re. 1/- only.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription on which the Directors might proceed to allotment was fixed by the Articles of Association as shares of the face value of Rupees Five Lakhs, the whole of which has been subscribed.

COMMISSION FOR PLACING SHARES

Under the Articles of Association the Company is allowed to pay a commission not exceeding 10 per cent of the nominal value of shares. But the Directors have decided to pay brokerage at As. -/6/- per share.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION AND INTEREST

The qualification of a Director including an Ex-Officio Director, shall be the holding of Ordinary Shares in the Company of the face value of Rs. 10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand). Each Director shall receive by way of remuneration a sum not exceeding Rs. 50/- for every meeting attended by him. The Directors shall also be jointly entitled to a further remuneration of 2½ per cent of the annual net profits earned by the Company to be divided amongst them equally. The Directors have the power to appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Directors or Managers on such terms and conditions and for such period and at such remuneration, whether by way of salary or commission or partly in one way and partly in another as they may think fit. The Directors have appointed Mr. K. K. Roy, M.Sc., A.F.R.Ae.S. (Eng.) as the Manager, who is interested in such remuneration of the Manager as may be determined by the Directors. The Directors have the power, with the approval of the Company in general meeting, to appoint Managing Agents for a term not exceeding twenty years. No Managing Agents have been appointed.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

The Directors may, without assigning any reason, decline to register any transfer of shares not fully paid up or of shares on which the Company has a lien.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Application for shares should be made in the prescribed forms to be obtained from and returned to the Company's Registered Office or to the Company's Brokers or Bankers.

If no allotment is made, the deposit accompanying the application for shares will be returned in full. If the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the surplus deposit will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment.

Copies of this Prospectus and Form of Application for shares may be obtained from the Company's Agents, Bankers or Brokers.

VENDOR

The Company has bought six aeroplanes from the Office of the Foreign Liquidation Commissioner of New War Department Building, Washington 25, D.C., U.S.A., at Rs. 2,20,734 paid and payable in cash. These planes were not sold during the preceding two years. The Company has purchased two more British planes from De Havilland Aircraft Co., England.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 93 (1A) & (1B)

We certify that as the Company was entitled to commence business on the 30th November 1945, accounts as required under this section have not been made up.

G. BASU & Co.
Incorporated Accountants
6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
The 3rd April, 1946.

Sd. B. C. ROY,
" N. AGARWALLA,
" P. N. ROY CHOWDHURY,
" RADHA KRISHNA JALAN,
" M. A. H. ISPAHANI,
" A. K. CHANDA,
" ROHINI KUMAR CHOUDHURI,
" K. K. ROY,
Directors

Calcutta, the 29th July, 1946.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Chairman:
G. D. BIRLA

DIRECTORS:
M. A. Ispahani
R. G. Saraiya
Sir Adamjee Hajee Dawood
Ananta Churn Law
Baijnath Jalan
M. L. Dahanukar
Navinchandra Mafatlal
M. R. Ruia
M. I. Tapuriah
I. P. Goenka

Gen. Manager:
B. T. THAKUR

Head Office:
CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES IN ALL IMPORTANT TOWNS

Bombay Office:
PETIT BLDG.,
Hornby Rd. Fort.

Manager:
O. H. GHEEWALA.

UCB. 12.

FANCY SARIES Rs. 10/-
Also coating, shirting, and ladies dress materials available without ration-card. Buy early.
C. JAGJIWAN & CO.
364, Kalbadevi Rd
1st Floor, (Opp) Punjab Bank, Bombay. 2.

JAYANT DESAI PRODUCTIONS LTD.'S

MAHARANA PRATAP

Directed by:
JAYANT DESAI
Starring: KHURSHID, Ishwarlal, Mubarak, Salvi.
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Reservation 10 to 12, 4 to 6.

Paramount Pictures

STOP PRESS

PARAMOUNT again is FIRST with the NEWS
SECOND ATOMIC BOMB TEST
UNDERWATER AT BIKINI ON 25TH JULY, 1946.

SEE A Might fleet destroyed—The greatest destruction the world has ever witnessed.

Now Showing Exclusively REGAL

10TH WEEK OF A
'FAMOUS' PRABHAT FILM
Hum Ek Hain
CENTRAL
Daily 4, 7 & 10. Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays.
Plans open 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.

8TH WEEK OF CROWDS
PRAFULLA'S & WINAYAK'S
SUBHADRA
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p.m.
ROXY An I.F.C. Release.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 1, 2002
Muslim: Ramjan 15, 1365
Parsi: Aspandarmad 14, 1315
Sunrise 6-19 a.m. Sunset 7-8 p.m.
Hightide: 12-27.
Lowtide: 05-50, 18-47

Today's Engagements

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet today at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, when Dr. Akshayakumar Desai, will deliver a lecture on "Scope of Sociology" at 6-30 p.m.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF BANKERS: Ordinary general meeting of members of the Institute at the headquarters of the Institute at 6-15 p.m today.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S EMPLOYEES' OFFICE STAFF UNION: Emergent Meeting of the general body of the Union at Glider Tank Bldg., Hall, Grant Road, at 5-45 p.m (S.T) today to consider the requisition re: revision of grades of the employees.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Evening Meeting, at 6-30 p.m today at Green's Hotel. Rotarian Major H. E. St. George McClenaghan will address the Club on "Some Immediate Problems Facing India."

I. C. I. EMPLOYEES' UNION: A general body meeting of the Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. Headdyes Office Employees' Union was held on 9th instant in the Cama Institute Hall, Bombay. Mr. F. M. Pinto, the General Secretary, presided. The following office-bearers were elected for the year 1946-47: President Mr. Abdally Jafferbhoy; Vice-President Mr. M. B. Rao; General Secretary Mr F. M. Pinto; Jt. Secretaries Mr L. F. Nazareth and Mr K. M. Gandhi; Jt. Treasurers Mr. Cama and Mr Fernandes.

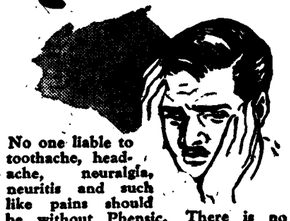
SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY: The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of July was 2,033 of whom 1,134 were males and 899 females.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at Cama Oriental Institute Hall, Apollo Street, Mr. S. N. Kanga will deliver a public lecture on "Zoroastrian Philosophy of Rest and Motion."

B. S. U. WORKERS MEETING Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union writes:—
A meeting of all BSU workers and others who volunteered on 9th August to collect funds for Kashmir and Goa will be held today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. Mr. Joachim Dias, President, Goan Youth League, will be present.

RAYON YARNS AND FABRICS
of all kinds.
★
Enquiries to
RAYON AND FIBRES LTD.
Bombay Mutual Building.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

Touchy
nerve pains



No one liable to toothache, headache, neuralgia, neuritis and such like pains should be without Phensic. There is no virtue in suffering these pains, and you do yourself good by relieving them quickly. Phensic will do this. Your bloodstream will absorb Phensic very quickly. Then it is a matter of minutes before you will be feeling fresh and cheerful again. Phensic is quite harmless, entirely suitable for invalids. Get some today.

for HEADACHES, NEURITIS, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, SLEEPLESSNESS, TOOTHACHE, CHILLS, COLDS, 'FLU and other feverish conditions.

SIMPLY TAKE—
one or two tablets as required.

Phensic
WILL STOP YOUR PAIN

Copyright. Jwt.83 LTD.

Reduction In Import Duties On Gold & Silver Is Welcome

But No Imports Likely Till Br. Treasury & Govt Of India Alter Their Present Policy, Says Sir C. B. Mehta

BOMBAY, August 12 (A.P.I.): "The reduction in import duties on gold and silver by 50 per cent is to be welcomed as these duties, specially in India fall mostly on middle class people as both these metals in India are social necessities", said Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, a prominent bullion merchant of Bombay.

Sir Chunilal added: "The object mentioned in the notification for these reductions is to encourage imports of these metals in India. However, it can be understood that no imports are likely to take place as British Treasury is at least till now definitely against allowing India to import these metals.

"There is a concrete example about this policy. Only very recently an important firm of London bullion brokers had made a bargain with Bombay for selling Russian silver. But when the Bank of England was approached for a licence which was necessary, it was refused and consequently the bargain was cancelled.

"Moreover for imports of gold and silver into India, U. S. dollars are required which the Government of India flatly refuse to provide.

"Under these circumstances, until the policy of Bank of England about giving licences and the policy of the Government of India about supplying U. S. dollars is changed, no imports of gold and or silver into India are likely to take place.

ANOTHER OBJECT SERVED

"But these reductions will certainly serve another object though it is not mentioned in the Government notification", continued Sir Chunilal. "The internal high prices of these metals are due firstly, to absence of imports and secondly, to the inflationary situation in India. Besides these two factors the higher prices are also due to the heavy import duties.

Sir Chunilal said that silver price in India had some time before touched Rs. 195 per 100 tolas and if it has gone above Rs. 200 even the new rupee coin, with only 50 per cent silver content, would have begun going into the melting pot. "Though silver price has since declined, yet the possibility of its reaching melting point still exists. On the other hand, there being no imports, the revenues do not benefit at all and the import duty figures remain only on paper.

By reduction of import duty on silver by 50 percent, that possibility has been pushed afar. But in case even after this reduction, price of silver in India continues to show an advancing tendency towards melting point, one should not be surprised if the balance of the import duty on silver is abolised. In this way the object of keeping internal price of silver below melting point will be served.

BOYCOTT RENDERS GOLD DUTY FUTILE

"As regards gold," said Sir Chunilal "the import duty was imposed in anticipation of the possibility of South Africa exporting gold to India to the extent of India's favourable balance of trade with that country and thus Government revenues benefitting by the import duty. But this anticipation did not fructify owing to India's boycott of trade with South Africa."

Speaking of the imports of gold in the near future Sir Chunilal said "the problem of U. S. dollars is there and is likely to remain as such until perhaps an agreement is arrived at with Britain for India's accumulated sterling balances in London.

He thought that as a result of the reduction in import duties there was likely to be a confusion again on bullion trading in Bombay like the one as took place at the time of the last budget. "But the matter will have to be and will be settled he said.

"Some Facts About I. N. A."

Col. Bhonsle On Unity And Discipline Among Ranks Under Netaji's Leadership

BOMBAY, Monday.

"One thing that the Indians sadly lack is national character" declared Col. Jagannath Rao Bhonsle of the I. N. A. delivering a lecture on "some facts about I. N. A." at the "Jinnah Hall" this evening.

He said that the British the, Americans, the Russians—they all kept up their national character during the hardest time of war; even from the downtrodden Japs, the national character has not faded away. Netaji wanted national character to be developed amongst Indians through 'Bala Sena'.

He pointed out some salient features of I. N. A. compared with 1857 Mutiny: For instance, the latter lacked leadership: Mogul Emperor was a figurehead. Whereas Netaji would ever be remembered as the leader, who, for the first time in India's history, managed to amass armed forces on a gigantic scale and set them in motion to break the Imperialistic stronghold. Secondly, our army in 1857 entirely lacked unity and discipline. I. N. A. had people of all castes—including Gurkhas, Parsis and Jains.

Describing the formation of I. N. A. under Captain Mohan Singh in 1942, Col. Bhonsle said that he joined I. N. A. for two reasons: (1) Service to people (2) Service to country.

Paying glowing tributes to the heroism of Rani of Jhansi Brigade shown under the heavies; odds, Col. Bhonsle said that to them bombardment was nothing, death itself was nothing, but service was all! He cited one example:

"On one occasion, Netaji was conferring with twelve officers and 150 girls at a height of roof-tops. Enemy planes were passing over our head—but not one girl got nervous—they stood still and we were all saved from being traced out!"

Col. Bhonsle informed the audience that the whole of Rani of Jhansi Regiment would be coming to India very shortly—along with corps of the "Bala Sena".

"Kesari" Editor Retires

Mr. J. S. Karandikar, Editor of "Kesari" has just retired from the post. On Wednesday, 31st July last at an evening party held in the premises of 'Kesari-Mahratta' Institute an address, a silver casket, and a shawl were presented to him on behalf of the staff and employees of "Kesari" and "Mahratta". Mr. N. C. Kelkar presided.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale has succeeded Mr. Karandikar as editor of "Kesari".

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
TUESDAY, August 13.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Keep Fit 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Hamid Husain (Sarangi) 8.45 Balji C Marwadi 9.0 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik 12.0 p.m. Bar Ne Takore (G) 12-45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12-55 Variety 1-25 News (E) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4.20 School Broadcasts (M) 5.0 Hamid Husain (Sarangi) 5.15 Jyotana Bhole 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Filmi Gane 6.30 Kishori Rajadhyaksh 6.45 Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) 7.0 "Pantuji" (Gujarati play written by Jyotindra Dave) 7.30 G Mashalkar (Songs of B. V. Warerkar) 7.50 Kishore Rajadhyaksh 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Vrittapatra Ani Janamata (Discussion in Marathi between S. S. Navre and N G Jog) 8.45 Sher Khwani 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Farmer's Problems (Principe of Co-operation: Talk by B G Saraiya) 10.0 Egidio Verga: Violoncello 10.15 Interlude 10.20 C P Bramble: (Tenor: Four Modern English Songs) 10.30 Interlude 10.35 Hilda Feldberg: (Soprano Three Arias from "Carmen" 10.45 Armas Jarnefelt Conducts Orch. (Midsommavaka).

BID GOOD-BYE TO WESTERN MISSIONARIES

Indian Christians Must Refuse To Be Spoon-fed, Says Mr. D. S. Modak

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The time has come when we, Indian Christians have to bid good-bye to Western Missionaries and begin to stand on our own legs, for the sake of our future prosperity" declared Mr. D. S. Modak, prominent Indian Christian leader of Bombay, speaking this evening to a large gathering of Christians, at the Saboo Siddik Institution Hall, Byculla.

"Hitherto we have been "spoon-fed" and treated like children by Western Missionaries and they have made us incapable of shouldering our own responsibilities" Mr. Modak said. "We can no more look to the west for help: we have to prepare ourselves for taking up the great tasks that lie ahead."

Mr. Modak made a strong plea for unity among the Indian Christians. He said, "Western Missionaries divided us into numerous denominations for the material benefit of their various missions. They have thus created disunity among us. It must be our endeavour to build up a new united community of Indian Christians, comprising all the different denominations.

Mr. Modak, who had recently toured Great Britain, the U.S.A., Canada and several other western countries, declared that he could not find real Christianity in the west. What he saw was the entire negation of it. Most westerners professed Christian principles, but practised dishonesty and intrigue. The speaker said that under the existing circumstances, instead of Western Missionaries coming to India to preach Indian Christianity, India should send missionaries to the west to reform the westerners.

A resolution condemning in strong terms the closing of the Hume Memorial Church, by a "certain combined group of foreign missionaries and the small unrepresentative and Mission-controlled body like the Bombay Church Council", and demanding its immediate opening for public worship was passed unanimously by the meeting. The resolution characterised the action of the authorities in closing down a church which was evolved about 125 years ago and had been the oldest Protestant church in Asia, as unchristian and undignified.

Mr. F. Lazarus, Mr. S. Williams and others spoke in support of the resolution.

FREEDOM STRUGGLE IN PICTURES

Exhibition Arranged By B.P.C.C. At Jinnah Hall

An exhibition of the last two decades of India's struggle for freedom in pictures paintings and oil-colours will be displayed at Jinnah Hall (near Congress House, Bombay) from August 15.

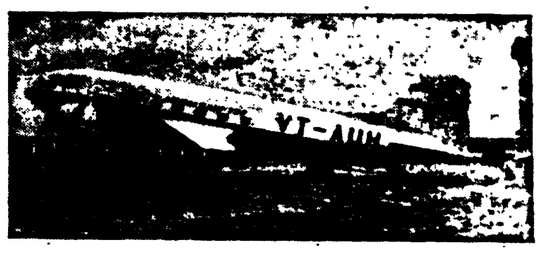
This exhibition was organised by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee at Sradhananda Park, Calcutta during the last Independence Day Celebration. Here it will be organised under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee with the help of responsible members of the Bengal Congress.

A Strong 'Ad-hoc' committee has been formed by the Secretary, Bombay P.C.C. for the purpose. The following are the members of the said Committee:

Sjts. Purushottam Thakkar, Smritish Banerji, Vithal Javeri, Nalini Bose, Moha Sobthik, Sachin Sircar, Chandbhai, Biru Haldar, Mrs. Safia Khan and Sjts. Amal Pal, Narayan, Mohini Banerjee, Chimanlal, Siser Ganguly.

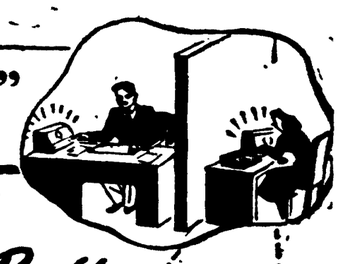
Sjt. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of Bombay Legislative Council has been approached to perform the opening ceremony of the function. Also Rajagopalachari Nehru, Sardar Patel and others are expected to solemnise the occasion with their presence.

A nominal admission fee of annas four only has been fixed for the public.



One of the Dakota aircraft of MISTRI AIRWAYS on which they will operate the BOMBAY-CALCUTTA service from 21st August, 1946. They have a fleet of 12 Dakotas for airline work and also over a dozen planes for private charter and freight.

The "INTER-COM"



Solves all your Office-Communication Problems

It is no longer necessary to scribble messages or laboriously look up directories.

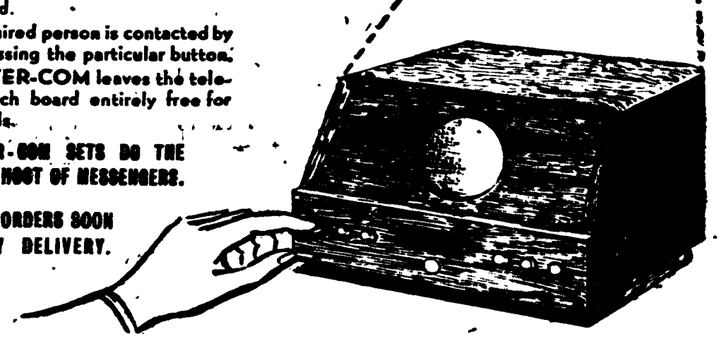
The INTER-COM enables you to converse audibly and at length with one or more persons simultaneously, in this manner desk to desk group conferences may be held.

The required person is contacted by merely pressing the particular button.

The INTER-COM leaves the telephone switch board entirely free for outside calls.

THUS INTER-COM SETS DO THE WORK OF A HOST OF MESSENGERS.

BOOK YOUR ORDERS SOON FOR EARLY DELIVERY.



THE NATIONAL RADIO & ENGINEERING CO., LTD.
EWART HOUSE, BRUCE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

COCOANUT DAY WITHOUT RAINS

BOMBAY, Monday.

To-day is the "Nariel Puja" or the Cocoanut day! It is the first "dry" cocoanut day for a great number of years, for usually this day generally opens with over-cast skies, and drizzles, showers and sometimes deluges are things which Bombay has learnt by experience to expect.

"Nariel Puja" or "Nariel Purnima", as the day is variously called, is the official end of the monsoon; it also indicates that ships which could not venture out into sea during the rains, due to the turbulence of the wind and waters, will now start on their adventurous and even perilous voyages.

To the higher caste Hindus, Nariel Purnima, is the day when they discard the old sacred thread and put on a new one.

Those castes which are entitled to the use of the sacred thread, spend the day in religious rituals, the bathing in river or sea, and the offering of fruit and flower to the gods of the sea. Sisters in Hindu families, usually tie the raksha-Bandhan or Kangan to the right wrist of the brother, to protest him from harmful influences during the ensuing 365 days.

In the evening a number of fairs are usually held all over Bombay.

Legacy For Sir Victor Sassoon

In the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" of 11th instant was published a United Press of America message from Los Angeles stating that Sir Victor Sassoon was left the 25,000 dollar estate of Mrs. Lucia Steilianis Mittner. We regret, through inadvertence, a wrong heading was given to this news item.

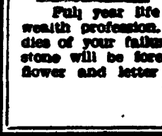
POSTAL NOTICE.

The Presidency Postmaster, Bombay, writes—With immediate effect, all articles including money orders for and from all places in Assam, will be accepted and booked by the Post Offices in Bombay as usual.

MFD. BY: J. B. MANGHARAM & CO.,
Sole Distributors for Bombay Presidency & South India
PHYSICOFIT PRODUCTS CO.,
20, Noble Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Coming On Saturday August 17
To The Screen At *KRISHNA*
Dubash Theatre
Advance Booking from Mon. 12th Daily 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

Nargis
Famous Pictures' First Production



YOUR LUCK FREE
Test The Divine Power
Full year life Reading in monthly details concerning your health wealth profession, life, marriage, finance, children, causes and remedies of your failures and worries together with your Lucky Birth stone will be foretold. Send no money advance Simply name any flower and letter writing time to
Prof. COMAR
P.O. Box No. 149, LAHORE.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Aug. 12, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1946 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I. S. T.), on 12th August, 1946:—

Ahmedabad 88 77 0.1 18.1 minus 1.9 Bangalore 76 65 0.4 8.8 plus 0.4, Baroda 90 78 0.1 27.1 nil, Belgaum 79 67 0.5 38.7 plus 8.4, BOMBAY 86 77 0.1 45.5 minus 3.7, Calcutta 91 81 0 nil nil, Calicut 75 72 1.9 94.9 plus 20.7, Cherrapunji 68 65 15.9 nil nil, Cuttack 89 80 T nil nil, Darjiling 64 58 0.5 nil nil, Dehradun 83 74 0.1 62.3 plus 13.7, Delhi 93 78 0.1 15.6 plus 2.0, Hyderabad (Dn) 83 74 0.1 10.6 minus 1.6, Karachi 87 80 T 3.8 minus 0.9, Lahore 92 81 0 13.0 plus 3.9, Lucknow 94 82 0 18.2 plus 5.4, Madras 90 77 0 7.5 plus 0.4, Mahabteshwar 67 62 0.7 200.9, plus 14.9, Mussoorie 66 61 0.3 41.9 minus 6.1, Mysore 75 66 1.4 9.4 plus 3.5, Nagpur 88 76 0.1 34.0 plus 6.2, Ootacamund 60 51 0.2 10.3 minus 7.5, Patna 81 79 0.3 12.7 minus 10.8, Peshawar 97 75 T 0.4 minus 2.3, Poona 83 71 0 14.5 plus 1.7, Shillong 74 68 0.1 nil nil, Sholapur 90 73 0 12.4 plus 2.5, Surat 87 79 0.1 43.4 plus 14.3.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

It is not the receiver that is blessed but the giver. Give praise to the Lord that you are allowed to exercise your power of benevolence and mercy and thus become pure and perfect. All the work you do is subjective—for your own benefit. God has not fallen into a ditch for you and me to help Him out by building hospitals or something of the sort. He allows you to work, He allows you to exercise in this great gymnasium, not to help Him but to help yourself. Do you think that even an ant will die for want of your help? Most arrant blasphemy!

—Swami Vivekananda.

The Bombay Chronicle

APPEAL TO THE LEAGUE

The Congress Working Committee's resolution seems to have been received with considerable relief both in India and Britain. Several leaders of even the Muslim League have conceded that the resolution will go a long way in dispelling the doubts and fears in the minds of the Leaguers. They cordially welcome the assurance that Congress accepts the Cabinet Mission's plan in its entirety with all the commitments specified or implied therein. They welcome, too, the explanation of the sovereign character of the Constituent Assembly as meaning only that the Assembly is not to be dictated to by an external authority, apart from the inherent limitations of the Assembly imposed on it by the Mission's plan itself, a position appreciated by many Leaguers, who want first and foremost a genuine voluntary settlement between Congress and League. It appears, however, that some Leaguers have vague fears about Congress still insisting that "Provincial autonomy is a basic provision and each Province has the right to decide whether to form or join a group or not." Those who wish that "the foundation of Pakistan" needs to be well and truly laid on willing acceptance will not share these fears. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan frankly stated the other day that the principle of grouping was embodied in the Mission's plan with his consent, that his Province was not opposed to it but that the prospects of a good grouping might be marred by compulsion at any stage. However, all that Congress has done in this behalf is that it interprets the Mission's plan in a particular way; and if the interpretation is disputed the dispute "will be decided by the procedure laid down in the (Mission's) Statement itself", a position which automatically follows from the acceptance of the Statement in its entirety. According to the Statement, questions about interpretation are to be decided in the first instance by the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly, but if his decision is not accepted, the dispute will be finally settled by the Federal Court. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has now given a further assurance in a press interview that "if the application of the procedure laid down in the State Paper went against the Congress it was prepared to abide the verdict." Even if the verdict should be in its favour Congress may well attend group meetings to explore all the possibilities of helpful grouping and may reject a group plan only if its final shape is found unsatisfactory.

A leading Muslim Leaguer, who seems to have found nothing peccable in the Congress resolution, is reported to have shifted his ground and contended that the test of Congress sincerity to allay the fears of the Muslim League and other minorities is not in annotating its old resolutions but in coming to a compromise with them on the formation of the Interim Government, "which is a 'sine qua non'" to the League's participation in the Constituent Assembly. The Congress has always understood this position and has clarified its resolution only because the League asked for it. Congress has always been and is now anxious to form a truly representative Coalition Government with the League and other minorities on reasonable terms. It has conceded considerable weightage to the League at the expense of the majority community but it has rightly drawn the line at converting a majority into a minority. The Congress has also justly claimed the right to nominate any Indian as its representative on the Government, be he a Muslim or of any other community. In doing so Congress does not at all question the League's being the most predominant Muslim organisation in the country. The formation of the Congress-League Pact of three decades ago, the repeated attempts of the Congress to form a similar Pact now and to form a fair Coalition Government with the League at the Centre, all this testifies to the Congress acceptance of this status of the League. The Congress insistence on being free to nominate any Indian is to vindicate its character as a body of Indians, irrespective of creed, a character which Mr. Jinnah himself understood and appreciated till 1920 or later. To illustrate this point, let us take an extreme case. Suppose there is only one Muslim in the Congress but that one is the most competent in the Congress to be represented on the Central Government. It is then the duty as well as a privilege of the Congress to nominate him for the purpose. To do otherwise would be gross injustice and would also be tantamount to driving Muslims out of the Congress by patent discrimination against them. The Congress insistence on being free to nominate a Muslim on the Central Government cannot possibly be an affront to the League or an attempt to divide the Muslims: It is demonstrable and has been demonstrated that the League represents an overwhelming majority of the Muslims. It may continue to do so as long as the separate electorates continue. Congress does not seek to divide the Muslims or any other community. Different people have different political views. Some Muslims hold Congress views, some others belong to the Communist Party. It would be a shame for the Congress to close its doors against the former class of Muslims or, what comes to the same thing, to discriminate against them on communal grounds when it comes to choosing its representatives on political bodies. In standing up for the right of representing a Muslim on the Central Government Congress only vindicates the principle explained above. Else Congress would be happy to add one more concession to the many already made to the League for the sake of free India. If this position is appreciated by any leaders of the League, they will appreciate many more points in the Congress case provided they dispassionately discuss it with the leaders of the Congress. As a preliminary to or substitute for a joint meeting of the Working Committees of the Congress and the League, we would earnestly plead for an early meeting of the Presidents of these bodies and the Viceroy to explore all the possibilities of a Coalition Government. The initiative may be taken by the Congress Premier or the Viceroy. But such a conference is highly desirable at a very early date. We appeal to the League to respond worthily to the Congress invitation to a fresh and friendly approach to the common duty of ending their common subjection.

India And U. N. O.

India was among the first six largest contributors to the finances of the League of Nations and could claim to be among those few who mainly kept that institution in being. But the number of Indian officials which the leaders of the League of Nations thought fit to recruit to its Secretariat was so pitifully small that one might have thought India to be among the last six, too insignificant to be considered as having any rights other than those of a "poor relation." It was a humiliating scandal. And that scandal is being perpetuated in the United Nations Secretariat. It will not do for M. Trygve Lie to be evasively hopeful or sympathetic. India wants her rights not M. Lie's or any one else's condescension. The method of recruitment of officials to UNO Secretariat has so far been bad enough because it was in the hands of a few American and European nations who were moved by their own preferences. It has got to be changed and changed so that India is represented in the Secretariat in accordance with her rights, status and contribution. Moreover, India, so centrally situated as well as offering all other facilities, is the most suitable country for having the United Nations Far Eastern Office. And we are sure our great neighbour China will have no objection to it.

Frankly Speaking

Congress Answer

The Governor-General of Portuguise recently wrote an indignant letter to Mahatma Gandhi. The statements made in it served only to expose to the world the provocative smugness and reprehensible imperialistic psychology with which the Portuguise are still saturated. The Governor-General got his effective answer in Gandhiji's statement: "That the Indians in Goa have been speechless is proof not of the innocence or the philanthropic nature of the Portuguese Government but of the Rule of Terror". But even more effective, because more authoritative, is the resolution of the Congress Working Committee which, while rightly appreciating the attitude of and assurance by, the French, denounces Portuguese authoritarianism and colonial misrule and declares very specifically that "Goa has always been and must inevitably continue to be a part of India". It is India's answer to that Portuguese theory the palpable and amazing egregiousness of which would have staggered even Nazi geo-political "philosophers". We are glad also that the Working Committee has denounced the fliness of Portugal to be a member of UNO. We, however, welcome Portugal's application because it should enable India's representative not only to oppose the application but also expose at that world forum Portuguese colonial misrule and colonial philosophy.

Central Cotton Committee

We commented the other day on the report that attempts were being made to secure the appointment of a European to succeed Dr. Nazir Ahmed as Director of its Technological Laboratory of the Central Cotton Committee at Matunga. We are glad to learn that this reactionary move, whoever may have been responsible for it, has now been abandoned and at its meeting held recently the Central Cotton Committee decided to advertise the post. We congratulate the Committee on the right decision that it has taken. There are a number of qualified Indians who can efficiently carry out the responsibilities of the Director of the Laboratory and we have no doubt the Committee will find no difficulty in securing the services of one of them.

Grave Food Situation

The All-India Food Ministers' Conference, which was held at Delhi on Friday and Saturday does not exaggerate the gravity of the food situation in the country when, in its unanimously adopted resolution, it states that the present over-all ration of 12 ounces is already inadequate and a further cut is "bound to have disastrous consequences on the health and life of the people." The conference also rightly points out that such a course will defeat its very object by "slowing down procurement, shaking public confidence and causing general confusion and unrest". The country will whole-heartedly join the conference in its appeal to the Government of India to redouble its efforts to secure additional supplies from overseas as without them "a break-down on a wide scale cannot be avoided." Better supplies are surely possible from several other members of the Empire and from the United States of America; and the Governmen. of Britain can and ought to move these countries to help India to avert a famine on an unprecedented scale. Mere control of food distribution will not save the situation, the seriousness of which we trust the Viceroy fully realises.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is not only a great Indian but also a world figure. The demand for information about his life and career is therefore, continually on the increase and so is the number of books about him. The latest of these books is "The Life of Jawaharlal Nehru" by Mr. Jagat S. Bright (published by Indian Printing Works, Kacheri Road, Lahore. Price, Rs. 7/8). Apart from giving a biographical sketch of Jawaharlal the ambition of the author as he himself says, has been "to explore the hidden springs of his character, intellect, moral courage and 'vital energy' (Nehruji's own phrase) which have made him a unique leader of India and the world". The book, with its numerous photographs, is an extremely interesting one.

Shocking Statement

A statement just given by the Special Police Officer who is in charge of operations against "the present Hur rebellion" will shock everyone almost into wondering if there still survives in some quarters that spirit of law and order, which inspired the late General Dyer at Jallianwala Bagh. The Special Officer's account gives figures of Hur casualties, of those detained or under police surveillance and of those believed to be hiding in neighbouring States. The total number of Hurs thus involved comes, according to the statement given by him to the Associated Press, to 18,000. The Hur population is probably more than 18,000. But whatever the actual figure the point which concerns us and must concern not only Sind but also the entire country is the Special Police Officer's idea of the effective method of dealing with the Hurs. He may be right in thinking that many of the Hurs believe that the late Pir Pagaro is still alive and they commit outrages to get him free". But the conclusion he arrives at is amazing "It is, therefore, necessary not to relax Government measures to exterminate them completely". Extermination 'en masse' is the worst form of brutality that can be imagined. This alleged remedy has not been dreamt of even in respect of head hunters. But here is a police official who can think of nothing better than to suggest with incredibly cool cynicism the "complete extermination" of thousands of human beings! Is such a man worthy of the job he holds?

Who Is Responsible?

But the very serious thing about it is that apparently the Special Police Officer is not primarily or principally to blame for wanting to finish off all the Hurs as the most effective method of disposing of the problem. His statement implies that it is his principals, the Government of Sind, that is responsible for this policy. Such a Government deserves the strongest condemnation. People, who think that the remedy for the misbehaviour of poor, illiterate and superstitious men and women, is their "extermination" do not deserve to occupy seats of power and responsibility. The Government of Sind must, if the Police Officer's implication is wrong, repudiate it or, if it is right, then the least that the Government can, and must be made to, do is drastically to revise its policy. The crimes of the Hurs call for sane and humanitarian methods of dealing with those unfortunate people.

Peaceful Demonstrations

Many demonstrations are being organised by the Muslim League, the Scheduled Castes Federation and several Labour and other organisations to ventilate their grievances and win public support for their demands. In the interests of those very demands as also of public peace we earnestly hope that the demonstrations will be as peaceful as possible. It is a relief to learn in this connection that the League Ministers of Sind have given an assurance that, while they adhere to the recent decisions of the Council of the Muslim League, they would never encourage or permit incitement to violence on August 16 or thereafter. The Sind Ministers' example deserves to be followed by the organisers of all the proposed demonstrations. Wherever any disturbance is apprehended peace committees should be formed in advance by local authorities in consultation with local leaders.

Racing & Children

Sir,—I wish to draw attention of the Government, Royal Western India Turf Club, and the public to one of the conditions, which does not seem to have received the attention in the tense discussions of licence fees, Indianisation, control of gambling between the Club and the Government. I refer to the condition of not allowing children under 18 to be allowed on the race course.

2. If the gambling side of racing had been controlled, I would have nothing but praise for the present Government. Every Indian race-goer will approve of the Indianisation of the racing, forced on the Club but besides these aspects of the racing, there is a social and aesthetic side to this gambling game, and if the game is to continue it will be as well to look after this side of racing.

3. The present rule of the Club not to allow children under 12 is sound, but not to allow children between 12 and 18 may be reconsidered by the Government for the following reasons.

(i) Nearly all the gamblers are over the age of 18 and usually males. Under the present facilities of bookies etc they have enough scope to go to ruin.

(ii) Children between 12 and 18 are usually boys and girls and the accompanying parents usually bet for them keeping the small losses to themselves and giving the small winnings to their little children giving them a little joy and mild healthy excitement.

(iii) Besides children exercise restraining influence on the gambling propensities of the parent.

(iv) If instead of the gradual healthy out-let at an early age, suddenly at the age of 18 all restriction is removed, the repressed instinct is likely to run riot.

(v) It does good to the heart of everybody to see well-dressed children enjoying themselves on the race course.

(vi) Going to race with the parents cannot make the children immoral any more than seeing cinema pictures depicting crime and sex.

4. I would request the Club, therefore, to request the Government to reconsider their decision and I would also urge on the Government that a little joy and mild healthy excitement under guardianship of parents is not bad for children.

(Dr.) G. V. DESHMUKH.

39, Pedder Road, Bombay.

JINNAH SEES NO CHANGE IN CONGRESS ATTITUDE

(Continued from Page 1.)

of freedom and protection for all just claims and interests."

HOW WILL IT FUNCTION.

Therefore it is obvious that they still hold that this Constitution-Making machinery is a Sovereign Constituent Assembly, but they resent any interference of any external power and authority. Whoever has suggested it and where has it been suggested? The question is now this Assembly will function and they make it clear that it will do so with internal limitations which are inherent in its task. What are the internal limitations in the statement of May 16th which could not be overruled by a Sovereign Constituent Assembly? If any decisions are taken by this Assembly which are repugnant, 'ultra vires' or incompetent for the Assembly to adopt, what is the check provided for it either internally or externally except again the brute majority in the Assembly?

CONGRESS STICKS TO ITS DECISION.

They conclude by saying that the resolution of the Working Committee passed on June 26 and confirmed by the A.I.C.C. "must stand and they propose to proceed accordingly with their work in the Constituent Assembly." Therefore, it is quite clear that there is no change on the part of the Congress except the starting expression that they had accepted the scheme in its entirety which is immediately contradicted by what follows in the resolution and they have reiterated their repudiation of the grouping and emphasised once more the sovereign character of the Constituent Assembly, which can only mean that it will not be bound by anything laid down in the statement of 16th May and would be free to decide every question by majority.

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION.

I need not deal with the rest of the resolution which is nothing but verbiage and an appeal to the League to join the battle of India's Independence. But there is no doubt left as to India's Independence now because the statement of May 16th, at any rate, makes it clear on the part of the British and Mr. Patel, in his recent speech in Bombay, said there was no need any longer to fight the British and that the only revolution that was needed was internal revolution. With whom does the Congress ask us to join hands and for what purpose?

"I am afraid the situation remains as it was and we are where we were."

BRITISH PLAN

Mr. Jinnah says: "The entire scheme of the British Cabinet Mission consisted of the long-term plan statement of 16th May and 25th May and the short-term proposal of setting up the Interim Government and these two formed integral parts of the whole scheme and were interdependent and indivisible. The Muslim League accepted both whereas the Congress rejected the Interim Government proposal of 16th June and accepted the statement of 16 May conditionally with reservations and their own interpretations.

"The Cabinet Delegation and the Viceroy scrapped the Interim Government proposal of 16th June and treated the Congress decision communicated to them on the 25th and 26th of June wrongly as acceptance. The so-called acceptance was, in fact, a rejection.

LEAGUE DECISION

"After that the Viceroy declined to postpone the elections of the Constituent Assembly on the plea that arrangements for it had gone far too ahead. Although the arrangements with regard to the Interim Government were complete and the resignations of his then members of the Executive Council were held by him, and according to the statement of the 16th of June the Interim Government was to be set up on or about the 26th of June, yet it was scrapped. After this the Muslim League was free to take such decision as they thought proper as the entire basis of the scheme had fallen through. It was only the Council of the All-India Muslim League that could finally have decided our attitude and in these circumstances we summoned the Council of the All-India Muslim League at Bombay on 27-29th July and they decided to withdraw our acceptance formally.

CONGRESS INTENTIONS

Mr. Jinnah further says: "We decided to contest the elections to the Constituent Assembly in order to prevent undesirable people getting in as Muslim representatives and we captured 95 per cent Muslim seats. Meanwhile, before the Council of the League had met, Congress leaders including the President in their speeches at the All-India Congress Committee meeting on the 6th and 7th of July made their pronouncements which aroused grave apprehensions in the League circles and were expressed by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, in his statement from Delhi and by me in my statement from Hyderabad on the 18th of July, notably with regard to the pronouncements of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the 10th of July at a Press Conference which left no doubt as to the intentions of the Congress. Both these statements were broadcast in the press by News agencies.

ASSAM INCIDENT

The debate in Parliament which took place on the 18th of July showed that the British Government approved of the scrapping of the Interim Government by the Cabinet Delegation and the Viceroy and paid no attention whatever to the new situation that had arisen, not only by pronouncements and clarifications and interpretations given by the Congress leaders which were published throughout the country, but also by the fact that the Assam Assembly, while electing the Assam representative to the Constituent Assembly, had, under the instructions of the Congress High Command, passed a resolution giving a mandate not only to the Congress members but also to the representatives of the Muslimans elected by a separate bloc of Muslim members, to have nothing to do with the "C" Group from the very start. This clearly repudiated one of the fundamental terms of the statement of 16th May and this is an instance of how the majority acted although it is highly doubtful whether the Assam Assembly was competent to give such a mandate to the representatives to the Constituent Assembly.

AGA KHAN'S PLEA FOR R. T. C.

DAR-ES-SALAAM, August 12. (Reuter): The Aga Khan in a 3,000-word speech at the Diamond Weighing Ceremony on Saturday laid down a policy and work for the Ismaili community and unexpectedly referred to the position of Indians in South Africa.

In an appeal to all Africans, Europeans and Indians, the Aga Khan said: "do not fear each other, work together. The country is Big, with enough of virgin ground which is hardly scratched. There is no need of a struggle for existence here for a century at least. The strife here on racial grounds is imaginary. If you will throw fear out of your minds, you will realise that White Black and Brown are complimentary. Members of a common body-politic. Should suspicion still continue, there is one way of turning it to co-operation and peace—by round table conferences".

Minimum Salary For Clerks

Bombay Chamber Of Commerce Recommendation

Owing to increased cost of living there has been a wave of discontent among the clerical and other staff of commercial firms as elsewhere and this discontent has been responsible for the organization of trade unions of these employees with a view to securing improvement of their economic condition. The Bombay Chamber of Commerce, it is understood, recently appointed a Special Sub-Committee to consider the situation on the basis of the suggestions of this Sub-Committee, the Committee has formulated certain recommendations regarding salaries and conditions of service of employees and has circularised these recommendations to member firms. The following are the main recommendations:—

CLERICAL STAFF. (A) REMUNERATION. The Committee consider that a reasonable starting pay for a junior clerk to-day is Rs. 95/100 a month, 'inclusive' of dearness allowance.

PRIVILEGE LEAVE. The Committee favour a graduated scale and they think also that accumulation for a period of two years should ordinarily be allowed subject, of course, to the exigencies of business. It is generally agreed that if only for reasons of health employees should take annually the leave to which they may be entitled, but in some cases, particularly of married men who do not feel able to bear the cost of taking their families away with them every year, the option to accumulate is of value. The scale the Committee recommend for privilege leave with pay is:

Those with service of one to five years. Two weeks a year.

Those with service of over five years but not exceeding twelve years Three weeks a year.

Those with service of twelve years and over Four weeks a year with option to accumulate for two years subject to a maximum of 6 weeks.

To those who do not feel disposed to adopt this graduated scale the recommendation is that the normal period of annual privilege leave should be three weeks with option to accumulate up to six weeks.

CASUAL LEAVE. The Committee believe that most members of the chamber treat their staff generously when casual leave is needed for special reasons and they therefore make no recommendations as to any minimum period for this leave.

SICK LEAVE. Fixation of a minimum period is desirable so that employees may know that absence from duty in genuine cases of temporary indisposition will not involve them in loss of pay. Accordingly the Committee recommend that not less than 14 to 21 days sick leave with pay should be allowed each year. For any periods in excess of that the question of pay etc. should be entirely at the discretion of the employer.

SUBORDINATE STAFF: (A). REMUNERATION. Under this head the Committee refer only to men of 21 years of age or more; not chokras. The starting pay they recommend is Rs. 49/50 per month 'inclusive' of dearness allowance and, for the reasons stated in paragraph 3 (A) they note that this, in most cases, consists of.

Substantive salary Rs. 25 per month.
Dearness allowance Rs. 24/25 per month.
(b) Privilege leave
(c) Casual leave
(d) Sick leave

The Committee's recommendations are the same as for clerical staff in regard to the periods of leave with pay. Although members of subordinate staffs frequently go away for longer periods without pay, as for example, when they wish to attend to their houses or land, the grant of such periods of leave is obviously a matter for the individual employer.

HOURS OF WORK. The Committee consider it reasonable that a full working day should be 8 hours with one hour off for tiffin and on Saturdays 3 1/2 hours, making a total of 38 1/2 hours per week, exclusive of the hour allowed for tiffin.

SUPERANNUATION: By far the greater number of members who have supplied information to the Chamber in the past two years have in operation some scheme for the long terms benefit of all employees on their permanent staff. These schemes take the form of Provident or Pension Funds, or both, or Gratuity Funds, and it is considered desirable that all employers, who have not already done so, should institute one or other of these schemes.

The Committee feel it most desirable that, so far as is practicable, there should be some uniformity in commercial establishments in respect of salaries, dearness allowances, and leave rules, particularly at the present time.

English In Primary Schools

Afghanistan's Revolutionary Educational Programme

(By Joseph Goodwin, Associated Press of America's Foreign Correspondent)

II

KABUL, Aug. 13. (A.P.A.): Afghanistan, seeking a short cut from its still-primitive way of life to a new and more economically stable modernity, has turned to America for direction and advice.

Activation of a six billion Afghani (approximately do 450,000,000) 10-year modernisation programme employing American methods and American technicians, was announced by the Ministry of National Economy.

The Minister of Education has disclosed a revolutionary public school programme in which the English language will be taught in primary schools, colleges and universities. American text books are being ordered, and an "appeal" has been made for American teachers.

The city-planning commission is drawing plans for a "new Kabul" which will follow American architectural patterns and will have a diplomatic drive in the proposed capital styled after the famous Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington.

FIVE YEAR PLAN.

Recently Abdul Majid, Minister of National Economy, announced a five-year public works project of road building irrigation and exploitation of mineral deposits and said it would be pressed vigorously. American engineers already are on the job.

Abdul Majid said: "Approximately 150 technicians and specialists are expected from America within the next few months. As our programme develops, we hope to obtain more American specialists to help us construct and operate cement plants, foundries, an oil refinery, bakeries and modern hospitals."

As definitely contracted projects Majid listed: macadamizing and bridging 1,800 miles of main highway; construction of dams on the Helmand and Kabul river; development and exploitation of the nation's known oil and coal deposits; modernisation of communications system; instruction in modern agricultural methods, and reforestation.

American telephones and radio technicians (RCA) completed a communications survey last month.

NEW EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMME.

Integrating his education programme with the national development plan, Najibullah Khan, Minister of Education, said:

"America undoubtedly is the leading nation in the practical knowledge of science, commerce, finance, mechanics, engineering, agriculture and other technical subjects. We need that knowledge to improve the living standards of our people. The best way we can obtain it is from the nation which developed it, and in the language in which it was written."

Under the new educational programme, he said, all fourth, fifth, and sixth grade students must study English. Colleges (high schools), with the exception of two small ones which traditionally have specialised in German and French languages, will teach technical subjects in English from American texts. Advanced university courses, except literature, religion, Islamic law and history, will be presented only in English.

Afghanistan's Minister of Public Works in the new cabinet, the recently appointed Director of Irrigation, the Dean of the new National University, the Director of National Medical Service Clinic, and the Army's Chief Medical Officer, all are American-educated.

"I don't know just how it started," explained Foreign Minister Ali Mohammed, "our people have always liked Americans. Perhaps it's because, unlike the other great Powers, you have no axe to grind in this part of the world." (Copyright).

"Times Of India" Indian Employees Union

The inaugural and second general body meeting of the "Times of India" Indian Employee's Union was held on Saturday August 10 with Shri Ashok Mehta in the chair.

Shri Achyut Patwardhan inaugurated the Union.

A message from Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, wishing the union success and advising it to work "on purely national, non-communal and peaceful lines" was read at the meeting.

Shri Achyut Patwardhan, inaugurating the Union advised the members not to introduce politics or communalism in the Union affairs.

Shri Ashok Mehta, in his speech, said that in view of the new legislation that would shortly come up, when sound trade unions would come into their own advised the members of the Union to organise themselves into a strong unit and give lead to others in the industry and seek to create a representative Union.

After the inauguration, the meeting converted itself into the Second General Body Meeting. The provisional general secretary then read the minutes of the first general body meeting which took place on 29-7-1946.

Office bearers for the ensuing year were then elected. Shri Ashok Mehta was elected the President, Shri Huthesingh and Shri Jappe were elected Vice Presidents, Shri A. Ramnath was elected General Secretary and Shri N. M. Davar Treasurer. Shri Purshottam Trikamdas and Shri H. R. Pandivalla would act as legal advisers to the Union.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

KARACHI, August 11: A political storm which threatened to assume serious proportions in Sind has just blown over following the assurance which the League Ministers are stated to have given the Governor that, notwithstanding their adherence to the recent decisions of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, they would never encourage or permit incitement to violence on August 16 or thereafter.

—Times of India Report.

* * *

The Congress Working Committee has declared that "Goa has always been and must inevitably continue to be a part of India."

The Congress had better be careful. If it persists in this view then Goa being, as every one knows, an ethnically inalienable part of Portugal, Doctor Salazar and his zealous agents in Goa would acquire the whole of India unto themselves as part of Portugal. The Congress evidently doesn't know what wonderful Geo-politico-logicians these gentlemen are.

* * *

"India," says Mr. P. H. Patwardhan, a member of the Congress Working Committee, "must and will attain full independence within the next five years."

It is this kind of nerve war which renders a satisfactory solution of the Indian problem so difficult. Is there to be absolutely no limit to Congress intransigence?

* * *

Scorning the Congress Working Committee resolution, a local League leader is very clearly of the opinion that "there is no basis for the view that Provincial autonomy is a basic provision" of the British State Paper. Sind, the N.W.F.P. and Assam should pass a vote of thanks for this authoritative interpretation.

* * *

Malik (formerly Sir) Firoz Khan Noon has issued this Coming-Shortly advance notice: "I am shortly embarking on a tour of the whole of India to rouse the Muslims to a true understanding of their problems...."

We hope Prince Liaquat Ali is watching the situation and its possibilities alertly.

Meanwhile, Muslims are promised an entertaining interlude to which relief they are certainly entitled.

* * *

Reuter reports that the World Jewish Congress now meeting in Paris is to be accorded hearings before the Peace Conference Treaty Commissions.

We confidently hope the Peace Conference will unconditionally give the utmost consideration to the recognised right of Jewish nationals of Europe and America to ownership of Palestine which, of course, ought to be represented by Dr. Weizmann.

* * *

Apropos of rumours regarding transfer of Jewish immigrants to Cyprus, the British Colonial Secretary declares; "Conditions of Cyprus offer no opportunity for large scale immigration of any kind."

This is no more than the truth. A greater truth which, in fact, neither man nor Providence can be allowed to question or change is that conditions of the U.S.A. and the British Commonwealth also offer no opportunity for large scale—or even small scale—immigration of Jews.

And the greatest truth of all as laid down under the divine authority of Britain and the United States, is that conditions of small Palestine offer every opportunity for the largest scale of immigration.

If you don't believe all these "Truths" you are outside the pale. In fact, you are neither civilised nor human.

* * *

The Russians have made a sensational discovery, namely, that the Turkish Prime Minister M. Sarajoglu most obligingly told von Papen that he "passionately wanted Russia to be destroyed."

And, of course, the document was providentially discovered in order to be published on the morrow of the Russian note to Turkey.

Turkish Crew Arrested And Interned

Britain Warns "Illegal" Jewish Immigrants

LONDON, August 12. (A.P.A.): The British Government announced tonight that no further illegal Jewish immigrants will be admitted to Palestine, and that refugees without immigration certificates reaching the Holy Land will be taken "to Cyprus or elsewhere" and housed in camps until their future is decided.

The announcement said Britain "cannot tolerate this attempt by a minority of Zionist extremists to exploit the sufferings of unfortunate people in order to create a situation prejudicial to a just settlement".

TURKISH CREW ARRESTED AND INTERNED

JERUSALEM, August 12. (A.P.A.): Reliable sources reported from Haifa today that a third illegal refugee ship in 24 hours had been sighted by British navy units off Palestine and was being escorted to Haifa by a destroyer.

The 'Yagur' and the 'Henrietta Szold' are now anchord outside the Haifa break with more than 1,200 refugees.

There are now more than 2,700 refugees, who fled from Europe without immigration certificates, held abroad ships in the harbour.

All members of the Yagur's Turkish crew were arrested by British navy authorities and interned.

Negotiated Settlement Prospects

LONDON, August 12. (Reuter): Receipt of President Truman's statement on the proposed federal scheme for Palestine is expected by Britain today, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns.

Observers believe that prospects of a negotiated settlement in Palestine have slightly improved during the weekend.

Reports from Washington suggesting that the United States may in effect accept the Federal Scheme as a basis for discussion and reports from Palestine that refusal of the Arab Higher Executive to attend the forthcoming London Conference may be modified, suggest that some bargaining may after all be possible.

Conditional acceptance of the scheme by the United States is expected by many observers to influence the Jewish Agency's decision to reject outright the Anglo-American experts proposals.

NO REPLY FROM SOVIET YET

LONDON, August 12, (Reuter): Britain has now approached the Greek Government with a request to assist in the control of illegal Jewish immigration to Palestine, a foreign office spokesman stated this morning.

Last week the Mexican and the Panamanian embasses in London were requested to make a careful check on the issue of Visas to Jewish refugees in Europe.

It has been found that many Jews arriving illegally in Palestine are in possession of Mexican Panamanian Visas which have enabled them to leave Europe with their papers in order. The full list of countries to which some sort of approach is now known to have been made by Britain with a view to controlling illegal immigration is: the Soviet Union, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Greece France, Italy Belgium, Holland, Mexico and Panama.

No reply has yet been received from the Soviet Union. A majority of the countries approached including Poland believed to be the source of much of the current immigration, have said that they will do all in their power to help.

MUFTI MEETS JAMAL HUSSEINI

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 12, (Reuter). The Mufti of Jerusalem who has been sheltering in Egypt since his flight from France was today seeing Jamal Husseini ris kinsam and Deputy Chairman of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee.

Yesterday, the Mufti had a conference lasting three hours with Abdu Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Arab League on Palestine questions and the conference of Arab States opening here tonight.

'Treacherous Act Against Arabs'

BAGDAD, Aug. 12, (Reuter): M. Jamil-el-Madfai, President of the Iraq Senate, describes the Palestine plan as a "treacherous act against the Arab world and a great help to Zionists to strengthen their effort in the Middle East and use Palestine as a base to spread influence in the Arab World," in a statement here today.

He added: "I believe that Arabs will definitely refuse to attend the London conference, especially after the British declaration approving the partition proposals.

Latest picture of the King David Hotel, Headquarters of the British Army and the Palestine Govt. in Jerusalem which was wrecked by the terrorists. Finest in the middle east, the hotel was opened in December, 1930, and cost £250,000. Picture on the right shows the wrecked wing of the Hotel immediately after the explosion.

GOAT CROWNED KING

DUBLIN, August 12 (Reuter): A goat brought from the highest mountain in Eire was crowned king in the market square at Killorglin in the country of Kerry last night to start three fantastic days and nights of drinking and love-making at Ireland's greatest fair.

Why the goat was crowned in this strangely pagan orgy no one seems to know, but from his throne high up on a kind of scaffolding "King Puck" gazes down with bearded cynicism on a crowd of cattle merchants, tricksters and sight-seers from all over Ireland as well as a sprinkling of visitors from England, Scotland and Wales.

The goat who was marched into Killorglin escorted by a pipe and drum band and girls garlanded with roses was crowned "under the loyal constitution half as old as time."

AFRICAN MINE-WORKERS STRIKE

Passive Resistance Council Pledges full Support

JOHANNESBURG, August 12, (Reuter): The Executive Committee of the Passive Resistance Council of the Transvaal Indian Congress pledge full support to the African Mine-workrs' Union in their strike which began today when nearly 50,000 of Witwaters Rand's 308,000 African Mine-Workers stopped work bringing six large mines completely to a standstill and affecting a number of others.

The Council in a statement said that at the time when the Indian community was engaged in a passive resistance struggle "challenging the police of segragation, the Passive Resistance Council welcomes the action of the African Mine-Workers who have opened another front against the policy of segregation which is responsible for their miserable conditions in the mines."

Mrs. Ballinger For India

JOHANNESBURG, August 12, (Reuter): Mrs. Margaret Ballinger, member of Parliament (native representative) and Mr. W. G. Ballinger, who is the Secretary of the Society of friends of Africa are sailing to India early month.

The Government of India have granted them exemption from restrictions imposed on South Africans under the Reciprocity Act.

Poona Races

Indian Jockeys Dominate

Punters Fare Disastrously

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

POONA, Aug. 12.

The enclosures were packed to capacity on the occassion of the first meeting decided at Poona to-day. Bright sunshine prevailed and the track loosed racing fit, but the extremely poor timings cut by the winners indicated heavygoing.

Indian jockeys played the dominating role. They captured eight events in the card and left only a solitary winner to the foreigners let. The success of Indian jockeys hardly helped the punters. Lady Wavell and Royal Consort only obliged large supporters while the other winner scored at fancied odds.

Pandu Khade showed splendid form with a magnificent treble. The Kashmir retained lad scored a double for the Princely establishment and his popular win on Lady Wavell in the second division of the Wanowrie Plate was never in dispute from the time of the flagfall.

Kashmir-owned Jo Hukum recorded the most facile win in the day when romping home five lengths away of Sunny Boy in the last event, the first division of the Bhopal Plate.

The daily treble event pool was not easily solved. Only four punters solved the intricate item and each one collected Rs. 6.705.

The following are the results:—

THE WANOWRIE PLATE Division III—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr. Pyarali N. Dossa's STERLING BALANCE 8-7 Kheem Singh 1
Mrs. Justice's ALCOVITA 8-7 Burn 2
Mrs. Clara Hill's NEW MOON 8-7 Khansingh 3
Mr. and Mrs. Ranjit Rai's SOUTHERN CROSS 8-7 H. Black 4

Not run: Zanarvat King's Dream, Chandra Prabha, Marie Montes, M. Para.

Won by 2 1/2 lengths, Shd, 1 1/2 lengths.

Time: 1 minute 9 4/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 150. Places Rs. 43, Rs. 27 and Rs. 24.

THE GHORPURI PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Mr. Agab Abdulla's ABJAR AL MULUK 9-4 Kasbekar 1
Mr. V. G. Pitlie's INSAF 9-0 B. Khade 2
Mr. F. A. Irani's BHAIJAN 8-3 Bhoorsingh 3
Mr. Narsi Tejpal's GULJAN AL IRAQ 8-11 Hanmansingh 4

Not run: Sharjeel, Qudum Shammar, Bull Dog.

Won by: 3 lengths, 1 length, 1 length.

Time: 2 minutes 33 1/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 62. Places Rs. 20, Rs. 27, and Rs. 44.

THE KARJAT PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Sir Sultan Chinoy's FUTURITY 8-2 Dashratsingh 1
Mr. Habib I. Rahimtoola's JESTING PILATE 9-2 Sumersingh 2
Mr. Alimahomed Chotani's PAN PATTI 7-13 Fahad 3
M/s. F. A. Khairaz and P. A. d'Avoine's WILLING ACT 8-2 J. O'Neale 4

Not run: Golden Boy, Sitamgar, Gem, Prize Bond, Pure Emerald.

Won by: Shd, 3 lengths, 3 lengths.

Time: 1 minute 20 2/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 137 Places Rs. 36 Rs. 20 and Rs. 94.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE Division II—Distance 5 furlongs.

M/s. Gopaldas Udhavdas and Bachalal Dholandas's LADY WAVELL 8-7 P. Khade 1
Mr. R. Nazir's TOISTAR 8-7 H. Black 2
Mr. P. H. Vaswani's GEETA RANI 8-7 Kasbekar 3
Mr. Habib I. Rahimtoola's MISS HARMONY 8-7 J. O'Neale 4

Not run: Usra Mumtaz, K. Kumari, Roshan, Champa Kali, Crown Jewel, Darya Noor.

Won by: 1 length, 4 lengths, 1 1/2 length.

Time: 1 minute 8 1/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 25. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 35 and Rs. 27.

THE BHOPAL PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Major A. Svarvur's JUST SO 8-8 Evans 1
M/s. Sultan N. Dossa and I. V. Nanavati's CHIRAG 7-11 J. O'Neale 2
Mrs. Justice's MISS CLUNY 8-0 Eude 3
Maharaja of Parlakimedi's PRETTY MAYAH 9-0 B. McQuade 4

Not run: Royal Dancer, Usha, Peshawar Express.

Won by: 1 1/2 lengths, 3 lengths, Nk.

Time: 1 minute 21 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 22, Rs. 45 and Rs. 33.

THE KARJAT PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mrs. K. M. Modi's MAGNIFICENT 8-12 Shaikh 1
Major A. Svamvur's LOOK OUT 7-13 Jagdish 2
Miss G. K. Mamajiwalla's JAWAHIR 9-2 Nasiruddin 3
Maharaja of Kashmir's NECKLACE 9-4 Shivaji 4

Not run: Stars and Stripes, Prima Donna, Blue Stocking, Catch Me.

Won by 1 1/4 lengths, 1 1/2 lengths 1/2 length.

Time: 1 minute 22 2/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 28, Rs. 33 and Rs. 19.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE Division I—Distance 5 furlongs.

Maharaja of Kashmir's ROYAL CONSORT 8-7 P. Khade 1
Rajya Ratna M. C. Patel's DRAGON SEED 8-7 West 2
Mr. J. S. Wahie's BRONZEWING 8-7 Evans 3
Rao Saheb D. K. Parkar's GEORGIE 8-7 Laloo 4

Not run: Snehprabha, Damyanti, Raj Nartaki, Adeline, Find Out.

Won by: Nk, Shd, 4 lengths.

Time: 1 minute 8 4/5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 18. Places Rs. 12, Rs. 21 and Rs. 30.

THE KASHMIR PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

H. H. Akkasaheb Maharaja's IRISH RIGHT 8-3 Shanker 1
Mr. B. L. Punjabi's STAR OF ROHI 7-12 Kasbekar 2
Mr. M. D. Petit's DANDY 9-2 Evans 3
Nawabzada Yemin-ul-Mulk's PRINCE SALEEM 9-0 Bhoorsingh 4

Not run: Her Majesty, Kamal Prabha, Jewan Jyoti, Little Caesar.

Won by: 4 lengths, Nk, 3 lengths.

Time: 1 minute 20 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 141. Places Rs. 36, Rs. 39 and Rs. 20.

THE BHOPAL PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Maharani of Kashmir's JO HUKUM 8-12 P. Khade 1
Maharaja of Idar's SUNNY BOY 8-7 Brace 2
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's PHILOSAN 8-4 Evans 3
Mr. Osman Chotani's PRINCESS PADMA 8-5 Laloo 4

Not run: S. Phantem, Shalimar.

NEHRU AGREES TO FORM INTERIM GOVT.

(Continued from page 1)

dian legal community in London, said "I am very thankful and delighted and I only hope that leaders of parties other than the Congress will join in. India will now make rapid strides towards fulfilment of her destiny. The Muslim League, once in the Constituent Assembly, should be treated with the utmost respect, with everyone looking rather to the future than the past."

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY

The news was welcomed in authoritative quarters in London as being in line with the bold and determined policy of His Majesty's Government and the Viceroy to prevent Indian politics from remaining at the stalemate. "A Representative Government has long been regarded as an urgent and vital necessity", "Reuter" was told tonight, "and Lord Wavell's efforts so far have been doged by failure of the main parties to agree as to its composition. It is to be hoped that Pandit Nehru's acceptance will shortly be followed by an approach to the Muslim League for the assistance of the largest minority party in the formation of a really Representative Government.

This is a great opportunity for statesmanship of the highest order on all sides and the tone and content of the Congress Party's recent decisions should not only reduce some of the high tension in India, but should persuade the Muslim League to reconsider their attitude."

NEW APPROACH SEEN IN WARDHA LEAD

The appeal of the Congress Working Committee to the Muslim League for co-operation in the task of shaping the future of Independent India is welcomed in all political circles here, says Reuter's political correspondent.

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Labour Member of Parliament, who is one of the best-informed and most active of Government supporters on questions affecting India, told "Reuter" today that he and his colleagues welcomed this move by the Congress. "It is not only for its immediate effect that I welcome it", he said, "but because it may be a symptom of a totally new approach by Indian politicians to this great problem. I believe it may symbolise at least the beginning of the end of purely party propaganda and the beginning of an approach to Indian problems by Indian leaders on the basis of what is best for India as a whole", he said.

"While it may be difficult for the Muslim League once more to change its attitude, I hope they too will take a statesmanlike view and put the needs of India first. Perhaps now Sikhs will decide that the time has come for them to co-operate as well."

A WARNING.

Mr. Sorensen added a warning against over-optimism, saying that there had been so many disappointments in the past that until a hard and fast agreement had been reached by all major parties, nothing should be taken for granted.

"This is certainly an improvement in the situation", Mr. L. S. Amery, former Conservative Secretary of State for India, told "Reuter" to-day. "Nevertheless so much depends on the Muslim League that it is a very delicate situation and I think that perhaps further comments at this stage would be unwise."

This note of caution was sounded in other political quarters, where it is asked whether the Muslim League can afford to accept the Congress offer, whether the League will be prepared to nominate Leaguers for portfolios in the Interim Government and if not whether the League will acquiesce in the appointment to such portfolios of non-League Muslims.

Nevertheless, broadly speaking, it is felt that there has, as a result of the Congress attitude, been an easing of tension, which, observers state, is all to the good, in view of the magnitude of the problem confronting India.

HARIJAN REPRESENTATION

A plea that the depressed classes in India be given greater representation in the projected Interim Indian Government is made in a letter to the "Times" to-day by Mr. George S. Ingram of the Church Missionary Society.

"Since the depressed classes, who number 60,000,000, are given no greater representations than the Parsees, who number 100,000, Sikhs who number 5,000,000 and Christians who number 7,000,000—namely, one representative each—It is obvious that their representation is far below what justice demands.

Moreover, Muslims numbering 94,000,000 are given five places and depressed classes only one. So on this count depressed classes should be given at least two representatives in the coming Interim Government for anything like adequate representation.

EAST AFRICAN MENACE TO PEACE AND SECURITY

Wardha Call For Withdrawal Of Wartime Regulations Against Indians

WARDHA, August 12, (A.P.I.): After hearing the East African Indian National Congress Deputation, the Congress Working Committee in a resolution passed today takes a grave view of the refusal of the Kenya, Uganda and Tanganaykka Governments to withdraw the Defence Regulations restricting the immigration of Indians and asks the Government of India to take appropriate measures to secure without delay the fulfilment of the promises made by these Governments that the Defence Regulations were purely a temporary measure to meet certain wartime need.

TEXT OF RESOLUTION

The following is the text of the Working Committee's resolution:—

"The Working Committee, having heard Mr R B Pandya, on behalf of the East African Indian National Congress and Mr. Harichand M. Shah on behalf of the Africa and Overseas Merchants Chamber on the attempts made by the Governments of Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyka to introduce anti-Indian immigration legislation, express their deep concern over the situation developing in these territories, in view of the assurances given by the East African Governments to the Government of India that Defence Regulations restricting immigration were a temporary measure to meet certain wartime needs. The Working Committee take a very grave view of the refusal of these Governments to withraw these Regulations as promised, and ask the Government of India to take appropriate measures to secure without delay the fulfilment of these promises by the Governments concerned.

NO JUSTIFICATION

The Working Committee can see no justification whatsoever for the introduction of the Immigration Restriction Bill in the present state of the political economic and social development of the East African territories and their inhabitants and is emphatically of opinion that the British Colonial Office should restore prewar conditions as regards immigration by withdrawing the wartime Regulations and should prevent the anti-Indian policy of the European inhabitants from being given sanction. Indians were in East Africa long before any Britishers set foot on that soil and they would point to as many generations of useful industry on the coast as well as inland as the White settlers could count years of residence.

WHAT CHURCHILL WROTE

In consideration of this history of colonisation and opening up of East African territories, Mr. Winston Churchill came to the conclusion and wrote in his book many years ago, that no Government with scrap of respect for honest dealing between man and man could introduce to policy of keeping Indians out of East Africa. The Committee are also of opinion that any steps to bring about the economic union of the three East African territories should include the provision for equal representation as proposed by the British Colonial Office and should not yield to the pressure of the European population to abandon this precision. The Committee reiterate the protest against the reservation of the best part of the land, the highlands, for White men excluding even the Africans to whom the soil of their own country must belong

DELEGATION TO EAST AFRICA

The Committee wish all success to the Delegation going to East Africa under the leadership of Raja Sir Maharaj Singh to study the situation on the spot and to impress upon the East African Governments the advisability of dropping their proposed anti-Indian immigration legislation which is now being precipitated in view of developments in India and hope that they will be able to convince the East African Governments that any anti-Indian policy encouraged in East Africa will be an intolerable addition of the insults and provocations which are aimed at India and which undoubtedly serve to postpone the day of realisation of true world peace and security.

The Working Committee have noted with pleasure that cordial relations prevail between East Africa and Indians and trust that there will be continued co-operation between the two for their mutual advancement and for the removal of the disabilities which are sought to be imposed upon both of them by the White settlers.

Arsenals For 'Pakistan'

ALLAHABAD, August 12 (OPI).—Information available here revealed that under top-secret instructions from the Government of India ammunition production in various arsenals in the country is being diverted to the Pakistan Provinces with a view of equipping the Provincial Governments to suppress successfully any possible uprising of the Muslims in the event of the Mulim League launching its proposed direct action.

Labour Determination To Speed Up India's Independence

Party Secretary's Letter To Prof. Ranga

MADRAS, August 12, (A.P.I.) The determination of the British Labour Party to speed up India's independence is expressed by Mr. Carol Johnson, Secretary of the British Parliamentary Labour Party in a letter to Prof. N. G. Ranga M.L.A. (Central) who recently returned fom a tour of England.

In his letter to the Andhra leader, Mr. Johnson, states: During your visit to this "Country you would have had ample opportunity of gauging the strength of good will towards your country and the determination of the Labour Government to see that nothing is left undone which could speed up the grant of complete independence."

Referring to the Cabinet Mission's proposals, Mr. Johnson expresses the hope that "having secured agreement among all parties on the long term plan, it will be possible during the next few months to hammer out an interim policy of transfer of power which will enable the change over when it occurs to take place smoothly and effectively."

GLOUCESTERSHIRE DECLARES AT 132 FOR 3

India Makes 85 For 3 Wickets In First Knock

Gloucestershire declared 132 for 3 wickets in their first innings.

There was no play before lunch.

(By Learie Constantine, Reuter's Special Commentator).

It was not possible to start the Indians' match against Gloucestershire until after lunch, when with a drying pitch Pataudi, probably thinking that his bowlers had better prospects than the batsmen, with Merchant and Mushtaq Ali absent, sent Gloucestershire in.

At tea, with the score 120 for three, it was not certain that the policy had paid, yet there might have been different look about the scoreboard, had not the fielding left something to be desired.

Catch faults, which were evident in recent matches, were again present and an early chance of justifying the Captain's policy was wasted when Mankad, at short leg, dropped Wilson off Amarnath. Later Wilson escaped again, once more by Mankad, who eventually claimed the wicket when Mahomed made a good catch. But Wilson had scored a valuable 45.

An excuse for the tourists could be found in the dull conditions or many smart singles by the country might have been prevented by quicker anticipation.

Amarnath and Hazare, who varied the swing and pace, were puzzling at times, while Sarwate and Mankad made ball turn, so that even Hammond was unable to take risks.

Mankad beat Hammond more than once and the crowd of 5,000 saw very few glimpses of the England Captain's usual brilliance. The size of the crowd, considering the conditions and short rations of play, testified to the Indians' drawing power.

Pataudi tried five bowlers during the afternoon, while Nimbalkar kept wicket smartly, suggesting that he had made a good recovery from his broken thump.

Pataudi is playing a splendid innings as an opening bat. Hammond had samples of the vagaries of the pitch under the influence of the weather so quickly that he, brought on his spin bowlers, a step which Goddard justified by taking the three wickets that have so far fallen, despite the handicap of a fractured finger.

Pataudi punished him with pulls and drives and would have found the boundary more often but for the damp outfield. So far he has not looked like getting out and in Hazare he found a partner capable to filling the bill of a man who would hold the fort until the close of play.

Scoreboard

GLOUCESTERSHIRE (First Innings)

Barnett l.b.w. Hazare	20
Wilson c Gul Mahomed b Mankad	45
Neale c Mankad b Amarnath	4
Hammond (not out)	30
Crap (not out)	28
Extras (byes 4, leg byes 1)	5
Total (for 3 wickets decl.)	132

Fall of wickets: 1 for 35; 2 for 46; 3 for 90.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Amarnath	17	3	38	1
Hazare	13	3	30	1
Mankad	15	4	29	1
Sarwate	9	1	23	0
Shinde	2	0	7	0

INDIA (First Innings)

Pataudi (not out)	43
Mankad c Allen b Goddard	9
Modi l.b.w. Goddard	1
Amarnath c Wilson b Goddard	23
Hazare (not out)	8
Extras	1
Total (for 3 wickets)	85

Fall of wickets: 1 for 33; 2 for 37; 3 for 65.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Barnett	2	0	3	0
Hammond	2	1	7	0
Goddard	15	2	51	3
Cook	14	4	23	0

Harwood League Football

ANOTHER SETBACK FOR TATAS

BOMBAY, Monday.

City Police 1
Tatas 0

Yet another reverse was in store for Tatas when they met the City Police in the second half of the Senior division of Harwood League. The winners of this match have already created a sensation by accounting for their old rivals the Trades in the Callan cup a few days ago and then drawing very creditably indeed against the same team at the Cooperage on Saturday.

The Tatas are making it glaringly apparent in every succeeding outing that they have no chances whatsoever of retaining the honours this season. Depending far too much on their skipper Mandon and the spot kick, they find it increasingly difficult to convert any spot kick against a strong combination. The trajectory of the ball coupled with the time that the custodian is allowed makes it almost impossible to score.

A very welcome change in the City Police side was the substitution of Scally for F. Ross in the inside-left position. They might have done better, however, had they utilised Ross on the left-wing instead of Palin who occupies the position at the moment. The newcomer who has a reputation behind him was in fine form and showed glimpses of true class during the rather few occasions when he was kept company by the ball. His dribbling ability and even more his distribution was amongst the finest seen at the Cooperage for quite some time. He never faltered even when tackled by more than one defender and his passes were as unerring as they were astute.

Pivot G. Ross was once again seen to good advantage this evening and shared the honours of the match.

As for the Tatas they were never able to utilise the chances that came their way through the weakness of their forwards who are already depleted and far below their normal strength. Chances they had in plenty but the gap of a marksman was felt very keenly when some of their forwards with the possession of the ball within scoring distance either hesitated to essay a shot or made much too feeble an attempt to meet with any success. Their shifting Shetty from the pivotal to the centre-forward position did not improve the matters in the least for, however good that player may be in his former position, he was a misfit in his new surroundings. During the course of the match he rumbled no fewer than three times, one in particular was when he had Custodian Hawkswell absolutely at his mercy not five yards away. The inability of the Tatas to score was entirely due to the timidity and the wavering judgment of their front line.

Mandon and Papen in the deep defence were as good as ever and although Thingalaya let one beat him, he was as reliable as anyone else between the bars.

The solitary goal of the evening was scored midway through the second half when Adams netted the ball after right-out Shanahan had lured the custodian out of his den with a beautiful pass which beat him all ends up.

The Teams:

CITY POLICE: Hawkswell; Poole and Fermel; Wakefield, G. Ross and Deather; Shanahan, Woodcock, Adams Scally and Palin.

TATAS: Thingalaya; Mandon and Papen; Ananthram, Krishnan and Damodar; Laxman, Godinno, Shetty, Keshav and Peter.

Referee—Mani.

Tuesday's match; G.I.P. vs. Karnatak at 5-45 p. m.

Crowded Day At C. C. I. Badminton

BOMBAY, Monday.

A very crowded evening was concluded on Monday, the opening day of the C.C.I. Open Badminton Championships. There were very few keen struggles and the standard of Badminton witnessed during the evening did not reach any great heights. None of the seeded players in the Tournament are making their appearance until the preliminary rounds have been decided. There is however every promise of an exceptionally keen tussle for honours in the mixed event as several well-known players are combining in a bid to gain the title.

UNION INDIAN'S CHALLENGE TO SMUTS

DURBAN, August 12. (Reuter): Gen. Smuts' decision to invite Senator Shepstone to attend the UNO in September as adviser in the debate on the Government of India's protest against the Union's treatment of Indians in South Africa was criticised by Mr. Debni Singh, Chairman of the Passive Resistance Council.

The meeting was called to welcome 44 passive resisters recently released from prison.

Mr. Singh said Senator Shepstone or any other man supporting the present Government could not be a friend of the Indian people. Mr. Shepstone had made himself out to be a good friend of the Indian people.

Mr. H. E. Naidoo, a visitor from Capetown, challenged Gen. Smuts to use the argument at the UNO that the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Bill had been introduced for the benefit of the Indian people.

Shakuntala, M. of Honour, Sk. Yard Rainbow.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 46. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 17 and Rs. 17.

GOANS ORGANISE MASS DEMONSTRATIONS

March In Batches And Shout Slogans Before Portuguese Consulate

BOMBAY, August 12: Hundreds of Goans residing in Bombay, went in batches to the Portuguese Consulate at Cuffe Parade to-day and demonstrated their resentment at the conviction of Mr. Tristao Braganza da Cunha.

Cries like "Smash up Agoada Fort," "Quit Goa", "Free Goa in a free India", and "Jai Hind" resounded round about the Consulate for a long time. Similar demonstrations were witnessed yesterday, when a batch of Goan youths drove to the Consulate in a lorry, and waved flags and placards and asked the Portuguese Vice-Consul, a Goan, to resign, "for the self-respect of Goans."

Prior to the demonstrations, more than five thousand Goans passed in a procession in predominantly Goan localities, reached the Esplanade Maidan, where a mass meeting was held. The procession was organised by the Goan Youth League, and both the Youth League and the National Congress flags were fluttering together.

At the meeting, Mr. Joachim Dias, President of the Goan Youth League, explained to the gathering, the significance of Gandhiji's reply to Dr. Bossa, Governor-General of Goa, and the resolution of the Congress Working Committee asking the UNO not to permit membership to Fascist Portugal.

Other speakers at the meeting said that this was the first procession in the history of local Goans and showed that the upsurge of the masses all over India had its effects on the Goans also who had been accused of political lethargy for long.

But for the support given by the British, they said, Goa would have broken from Portuguese shackles long ago, for among the European powers Portugal had the reputation of being the least advanced.

"Goa Congress Not Representative"

The following statement is issued by the Head of the Government Information Bureau, Nova Goa:—

"News have appeared in the Bombay press, particularly in the "Times of India", that at a meeting in the Instituto Luso-Indiano, convoked by the so-called Goa Congress Committee, a number of persons, perhaps anarchic elements evaded from Goa, indulged in acts which public opinion will certainly most emphatically condemn. The act of smashing the photograph of Dr. Salazar gives no credit either to the Congress Committee nor to those who claim to be defenders of democracy and civil rights, and it is conclusive that the minority who started the recent movement in Goa and are now spreading false rumours in British India have in view not the attainment of civil rights, which have never ceased to exist, but the creation of disorder and lawlessness.

In the second place, nobody in Goa knows either the character of the said Congress Committee or of its organizers, but it suffices to say that it is not a representative body of the Goan people to style itself as the "Goa Congress" which sounds absolutely absurd. Furthermore, the Goan people have not given power of attorney to those who call themselves the leaders of the Goan people.

Referring to the sentence of eight years passed on Mr. T. B. Cunha the "Times of India" said that it was a heavy one for a breach of legal technicality. Considering that in face of the Portuguese law this was the minimum, there was no other alternative.

Mr. Bascar Bandare, who was tried yesterday, the 7th August, under a different category, was, for instance, sentenced to a fine of less than a thousand rupees and nothing else.

The propaganda carried out by the Goa Congress Committee in Bombay is, therefore, maliciously intended to spread false news and rumours with the result that Goans abroad will have a wrong impression and a perverted idea of the situation in Goa which is now perfectly normal, it being absolutely false that any Government office was ever set on fire. These and other rumours are without any foundation."

A procession of more than 5,000 Goans paraded the streets of the city on Monday as a protest against the passing of the sentence of eight years deportation against Mr. Tristao Braganca Cunha, leader of the Goa Movement by a Government Court Martial. After holding a meeting at the Azad Maidan, the processionists went to the Portuguese Consulate calling upon the Consul, who is a Goan, to resign for the "self respect of Goa".

SMUTS' GOVT. COMMITS BREACH OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

S. A. Indian Question Should Be Placed Before U.N.O., States Memo To Govt. Of India

NEW DELHI, August 11 (API).—Swami Bhawani Dayal Sanyasi and Dr. Lanka Sundaram, representatives in India of the South African Indian Congress in a memorandum to the Government of India, challenge the Union Government's claim that the South African Indian issue is a domestic one and as such cannot come up before the UNO.

The memorandum says that the Union Government's claim is in complete variance with the law and fact relating to the history of the entry of Indians into South Africa during the last 86 years. "If the Indian question in South Africa was ever a domestic question within the unfettered competence of the Union Government, it would not have been possible for India to send out a deputation under Sir George Paddison in connection with the Class Areas Bill and other proposed legislation of the Union Government.

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

If the Government of India and the people of India had no concern with the fortunes of Indian settlers in South Africa, the two Cape Town Round Table Conferences of 1927 and 1932 at which representatives of the Government of India and the Union of South Africa participated as representatives of two high contracting parties, would not have been held in the Union. If the Indian question in the Union of South Africa was at all a domestic question, the Union Government would not have agreed to receive an Indian Agent-General since 1927, to become the natural spokesman of the Indian settler community in that country in their relations with the Government of the Union.

WARNING 25 YEARS AGO

A quarter of a century ago, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru told Field Marshal Smuts in the open session of the Imperial Conference, bluntly and categorically, that if the Indian problem in South Africa is allowed to fester much longer, it will pass beyond the bounds of a domestic issue and will become a question of foreign policy of such gravity that upon it the unity of the empire may founder irrevocably."

NON-EUROPEANS TOO ARE HUMAN BEINGS

The South African Government, they say, has also violated obligations to the League of Nations with regard to minority rights. The minority treaties of the League of Nations were never intended for the sole purpose of protecting only the Czechs, the Poles, the Germans, etc., of central European countries, and, at any rate, as far as Indians in South Africa are concerned, the spokesmen of the Union Government to the League of Nations, according to the resolution of its 1922 Assembly, undertook obligations voluntarily and irrevocably in their favour.

INDIANS' RIGHTS ARE INVIOLATE

Again, in terms of the Labour Contracts drawn up between an Indian indentured emigrant for South Africa in the sixties of the last century, Indian residents in the Union today, being largely the progeny of the original Indian indentured emigrants, have their legal rights assured. These rights are inviolate."

The memorandum goes on: "India appeals to the UNO on behalf of her quarter of a million nationals in South Africa in the belief and confidence that this appeal is not only within the competence of but is sustained by the United Nations' Charter. The inescapable principles of human freedom, to maintain which fifty nations, including South Africa and India, have subscribed the signatures to the United Nations Charter, are now threatened with execution by the Union of South Africa in so far as the right to live as peaceful citizens of Indian nationals in the Union is concerned.

HEADING FOR TROUBLE

"The Union Government has committed a breach of international law and there is a threat of breach of international peace thus created.

Indians in the Union today have risen in a non-violent and peaceful revolt against denial to them of franchise, right to gainful employment and the opportunity to live as peaceful citizens.

His Majesty's Government in the U.K., who were responsible for the introduction of Indians into the Union, before the Union constitution was drafted in 1910, today looks on hopelessly, unable to discharge the legal and political obligations they have towards these hapless Indian residents in the Union and it is thus that the Government of India bring forward this appeal to the United Nations Organisation."

RATIONS AND REGULAR

CUSTOMERS

On our return to civilian trade after baking ration biscuits for so long, we hoped to supply all our old customers with all the biscuits they required. The food shortage has prevented this. Supplies of White Flour must be restricted by Government, and we must continue to bake only a fraction of the quantity of biscuits that our factories are capable of producing.

We regret we cannot offer the public all we should like to, but WE CAN and WE DO keep up the standard and fine quality which has made Britannia Biscuits so popular.

BRITANNIA BISCUITS

B-52

EST. 1883

Also now available:-

- Carmen Sherry.
- Club Madiera.
- Graham's Five Crowns Port.
- Tolley's 3 Star-Brandy.
- Constantia Cup—Gin Sling.

PHIPSON

AND COMPANY LIMITED

BOMBAY ★ CALCUTTA ★ KARACHI

PERSIA'S QUOTA FOR ALLIED VICTORY

Claims Right To Participate In Peace Conference

PARIS, August 12, (Reuter): Persia has claimed the right to take part in the Paris conference or in future conferences, should one or more other Powers, not originally members of the Conference, be invited to attend.

The text of the Persian Government's letter to the Conference Secretariat and hose of applications for membership of the Conference from Egypt, Cuba and Mexico were issued today.

Altogether five countries are thus seeking the right to attend the conference, the fifth being Albania which has been proposed for membership "with consultative voice" by Yugoslavia.

The letter says that the Persian Government and people have suffered considerable damage and losses and have done their utmost materially and morally to contribute to the victory of the Allies.

TENSION IN TEHERAN

TEHERAN, Aug. 12, (Reuter) There was an atmosphere of tension in Teheran today and politicians and foreign diplomats were predicting that "something might happen any minute."

Persian Government representatives left for the South-Western province of Khuzistan today to enquire into the grievances of Arab Sheikh in this area where the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company's wells and refineries are situated.

New Teheran Decree

M. Ghavam es Sultaneh, the Persian Prime Minister, issued a decree today forbidding army and gendarmerie officers and non-commissioned officers to belong to any political party and placing a ban on all political activities among members of the forces.

INVITEES TO PARIS CONFERENCE

Albania, Egypt, Mexico And Cuba To State Their Views

PARIS, August 12, (Reuter): The Paris Conference decided today to invite Albania, Egypt Mexico and Cuba to state their views at full meetings of the Conference and in Relative Committees on the Draft Treaty with Italy.

This was decided at this morning's Plenary Session by 15 votes to three with three abstentions.

The countries voting against the proposal were Russia, Poland and White Russia. Ukraine, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia abstained.

Mr. Albert Alexander First Lord of the Admiralty (Britain) dropped a proposal to invite Austria when he was opposed by M. Dmitri man Ulisky (Ukraine).

The vote arose out of the Yugoslav proposal that Albania should be admitted to the Conference with "a consultative voice."

The United States, Britain and Australia agreed that Albania should be heard and suggested that Egypt, Mexico and Cuba should also be invited.

Doctor Herbert Evatt (Australia), supported by Mr. Alexander, wanted it made clear that no state could be added to the conference as a full member and that it was merely a question of hearing them and admitting them to the relevant committees.

This view was reflected in the final decision.

The Conference also decided to accept a British proposal that Australia, Brazil, China and Yugoslavia should be represented on the Conference Secretariat in addition to "Big Four" after the Soviet representative M. Andrei Vyshinsky had objected to Australia being included, because she had "shown herself rather a temperamental member of our meetings."

QUEEN NOT SERIOUSLY HURT

LONDON, August 12, (Reuter): Her Majesty the Queen who slipped and fell as she crossed Bauandin Glen Cairn, Aberdeenshire, during the week-end, was stated by the Surgeon Apothecary to the Royal Household, Dr. George Middleton, today to be not seriously hurt.

The accident occurred when the Queen was walking with King and the two princesses while on holiday in Scotland.

All growing children need that *extra* energy given by Dalda-cooked food. This pure, vitamin-containing cooking medium is an essential part of a balanced and nourishing diet. Full of flavour and readily digestible, Dalda is ideal for making your daily meals more appetising—and every Dalda meal will give your family *extra* energy.

Cook with DALDA —the Energy food

HVM. 46-40 THE HINDUSTAN VANASPATI MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

Derby winners just happen

Breeders of racing bloodstock know what it takes to win the Derby. Speed without stamina will never do; staying power without speed is equally useless. The two qualities must blend perfectly, and the breeding of such colts is for experts only.

With cigarettes it is also the blending which counts. Skilled experts are needed to produce excellence such as you find in "Capstan." This popular brand has been famous for many years as the cigarette which is blended better.

8 annes for 10
Re. 1/14 for 50
Plus local tax where in force.

Better buy

CAPSTAN

They're blended better

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

CAP/102

INDIAN EXPERTS FOR INTERNATIONAL MONETARY ORGANISATION

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sailing by s. s. "Strathmore" tomorrow (Tuesday) is Mr. J. V. Joshi, Economic Adviser to the Reserve Bank of India, bound for Washington, U.S.A. to take charge of the office of the Executive Director on behalf of India of the International Monetary Fund, which is part of the International Monetary Organisation envisaged in the Brettonwoods Scheme.

The other section of the Organisation is the World Bank, of which Mr. N. Sundaresan, Joint Secretary in the Finance Department, Government of India is the Executive Director on behalf of India.

The Governor of the Reserve Bank, Sir C. D. Deshmukh is also Governor on behalf of India of the International Monetary Organization. He is leaving some time next month to attend a meeting of the Governors of the Organisation.

Mr. J. V. Joshi is likely to stay at Washington for about a year. He will participate in the preliminary negotiations for the devising of Parties between the various national currencies and other problems arising in the initial stages of the life of the Organisation.

Sailing with him is also Dr. B. K. Madan, Director of Monetary Research, Reserve Bank of India, who was till recently officiating as Deputy Secretary of the Indian Tariff Board. He will be Alternate to Mr. Joshi on the Fund and will sit on some of the Committees, on which Mr. Joshi may not be able to work.

The Governor of the India Section has fought for a strong representation of India on the staff of the Organisation. In this connection it is reliably understood that Dr. Gyanchand of the Patna University and Prof. J. J. Anjaria of the University School of Economics and Sociology, Bombay, will leave shortly to take up important posts in the Research and Administrative Sections of the Organisation. Some more Economics and Financial experts are likely to be selected to serve on the Organisation.

Amnesty For 9 Jamkhandi Politicals

JAMKHANDI, Aug. 12, (U. P. I.): In honour of the 20th anniversary of his accession to the throne, the Raja Saheb of Jamkhandi has released nine workers of Kunchnur sentenced in connection with the struggle of 1942. The Raja Saheb has also released nine other convicts.

New Minister For Mysore

BANGALORE, August 12, (A.P.I.): The Maharaja of Mysore has appointed Mr. J. Appaji Gowda, as a minister says a press communique issued today. The communique adds the appointment will take effect from the date on which Mr. Pulla Reddi I. C. S., relinquishes his office.

Mr. Appaji Gowda it might be recalled, acted as a minister for over one year, two years ago. Mr. Pulla Reddi is due to revert to his original appointment under the Madras Government about the end of this month.

Mysore State Congress New Chief

BANGALORE, August 12, (A.P.I.): It is officially anounced that Mr. K. Changalroya Reddi has been duly elected president of the Mysore State Congress for the ensuing year.

Banalore has been chosen the venue for holding the next session of the State Congress.

DEMAND FOR SEPARATE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY FOR MYSORE

Bhashyam's Plea For Responsible Govt.

BANGALORE, Aug. 11 (A.P.I.): The setting up of a separate Constituent Assembly for Mysore to frame its own internal constitution on democratic lines, is urged by Mr. Mulka Govinda Reddy, a Member of the Mysore Representative Assembly (Lower House) in a statement to the press.

Mr. Govinda Reddy says that the members of such a body should be elected on the basis of adult franchise.

For fruition of this demand, Mr. Reddy calls on the Mysore State Congress to give the lead to the people, being the premier political organisation in the State. He suggests the observance of a Constituent Assembly Day throughout the State, on which day there should be complete hartal.

ONLY RECIPE FOR ALL ILLS

The immediate establishment of responsible government in Mysore as the only recipe for all ills, is urged by Mr. K. T. Bhashyam in a statement to the press. Mr. Bhashyam says: "We want ministers responsible to the Legislature. We are not itching for a fight and by nature we are a very peaceful and quiet-going lot. We have reached a stage when we must have what we want and what we aspire for is only natural and legitimate."

Mr. Bhashyam claims that the people of Mysore had a longer training in democratic administration than the people of any other part of India. If responsible government was introduced in a spirit of friendliness and cordiality the Congress would feel gratified and would co-operate in the running of such an administration.

Bansda Yuvaraja's Train In Accident

(From Our Correspondent)

BANSDA, August 12.

The Railway carriage in which the Yuvaraj Sahib of Bansda was travelling from Unai to Bilimora on the G. B. S. Railway went off the track and was dragged for a distance of nearly two furlongs. Fortunately, a mishap was averted because the train was brought to a halt in time. Some of the subjects who came to know of the accident walked to the place and offered their greetings to the Yuvaraja.

MAKE MONEY

In all Forward Markets—In Cotton, Gold, Silver, shares etc. Big Fluctuations expected. Consult soon—and make a mint of money. FEES Rs. 100/- per month per each commodity. Members enrolled from any date. Phone 25377. 11 A. M. to 7 P. M.

UNIVERSAL COTTON FORECAST 354, Kalbadevi, Kalyan Bhuvan, 1st. Floor, Opp. Punjab Bank, BOMBAY, 2.

Prakasam Warns Trouble Makers

Govt. Ready To Cope With Any Situation

MADURA, Aug. 11, (A. P. I.): The determination of the Government of Madras to enforce law and order irrespective of party or communal considerations was emphasised by Mr. T. Prakasam, the Premier of Madras, when he addressed a meeting of the Madura citizens in the afternoon.

Mr. Prakasam arrived yesterday to to study at first hand the situation arising out of the communal disturbances that took place recently in Madura and Ramand.

The Prime Minister stressed the need for discipline to run any Government and ridiculed the idea of some that because there was a Congress Government they could do or talk anything.

Deploring the recent communal disturbances in Madura and Ramnad Mr. Prakasam announced that he had requested the collectors of Madura and Ramnad to organise peace committee's representative mainly of Hindus and Muslims with a view to preventing recurrence of similar trouble in future.

Mr. Prakasam then explained the difficulties which the Congress ministry had had to face since it assumed office about three and a half months ago particularly with regard to labour problems and food and cloth famine. He asserted that his Government was ready to cope with any situation that might arise in the course of carrying on the administration of the Province.

ACUTE FOOD SHORTAGE.

Referring to the food situation in Madura and Ramnad districts, he said, unless the expected grain came from outside there would be serious trouble with regard to food, the present stock of which might not last more than three or four weeks.

The Premier disclosed that Government was going to apply different methods in a few days to checkmate the blackmarketteers. "Orders will go forth soon and every blackmarketeer will have to regret", he warned.

Mr. Prakasam said that it was a peoples' Government that was ruling the Province now and so it was the duty of the public to extend their fullest co-operation to the Government.

Village Gutted Amidst Surging Flood Waters

PATNA, Aug. 11 (A.P.I.): About 107 families were rendered homeless and 200 houses gutted when the helpless village of Darah in the District of Darbangha, which could receive no help from the neighbouring villages, was being surrounded by the flood waters of small branches of the river Kosi, was consumed by a devastating fire, it is reported here.

It is stated that heavy rains also started after the fire.

GOLD-MINERS TO GO ON STRIKE

JOHANNESBURG, August 12 (Reuter).—A meeting of African miners have confirmed the decision to call a general strike of all native mine-workers on Witwatersrand, the famous South African Gold Mining area.

8 Policemen Arrested

Sequel To Charge Of Illegal Firing In 1942

(From Our Correspondent).

NADIAD, August 12.—The Resident First Class Magistrate, Nadiad, after the evidence of Mr. K. R. Bhatt, Resident Magistrate of Anand in the year 1942, gave order under Secs. 147, 302 and 307 I.P.C. to arrest two Head Constables and six policemen who fired at Adas on innocent boys. Adas firing took place during 1942 Congress movement. The injured persons have filed a case against police on charges of illegal firing and illegal attempt of murder.

All the eight policemen are now in jail.

Delhi Ignores Bose's Threat

Official Says He Delayed Postal Strike Settlement

NEW DELHI, August 11 (A.P.A.): High Postal officials preferred to "ignore" the threat to renew the postal strike in Calcutta that came from Mr. Mrinal Kant Bose, Chairman of the Joint Council of Action, which conducted the recent postal strike in Bengal and Assam.

"Action was taken against certain unions in the Bengal circle and the recognition granted to them withdrawn purely on a legal stand-point and any interpretation that this was conceived in a revengeful manner against the unions is mischievous," one official told the "Associated Press of America."

Referring to the "outpourings" of Mr. Bose in particular, a Government spokesman said, "but for Mr. Bose's continued incitement even during the All-India strike of postmen, a settlement would have been reached long before and the public would not have been put to such a lot of inconvenience."

"If now he wants once again to go on the war-path for unwarranted reasons, the Government will not be responsible for the consequences that may befall the workers who may choose to follow him blindly and allow themselves to become a tool for his own ends", he warned.

"Government", the official asserted, "are ready to meet any emergency and do not intend to be cowed down by the airy threats of Bose."

Kripalani's Advice To Students

NAGPUR, Aug. 12, (API): If only the youth takes up constructive work in a spirit of selflessnes and sacrifice, India could look to a glorious future, observed Acharya J. B. Kripalani, former General Secretary of the Congress, inaugurating here a special session of the C. P and Berar Students' Congress.

Even if free India Acharya Kripalani continued, students could not expect to go about and act as they liked without any restraint. Days of denouncing the Government were over and they must now divert their energy to the task of a planned national development.

Allahabad Municipal Workers' Strike Threat

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 12, (API): The clerical and lower-grade staff of the Municipal Board have decided to go on strike from August 22 if their demands for higher wages and allowances were not met.

More Pay For V.C.Os.

NEW DELHI, Aug. 12, (O. P. I.): It is understood that the military Commission appointed sometime back to examine the question of scales of pay of the Indian Military personnels has concluded its deliberations and has submitted its report.

It is reported that the Commission has recommended an increase in the basic salary of V. C. O.s by about Rs. 60 to 70 per month.

U.S. NEGOTIATES FOR OIL CONCESSIONS IN SUMATRA?

MEDAN, NORTHERN SUMATRA, Aug. 11, (Reuter): The Republican newspaper "Kedaultan Rajat" has today published a report here that a representative of an American oil company visited Dr. R. K. Gani, the Republican Vice-Governor of Sumatra with a view to obtaining oil concessions in Sumatra.

Australian Shipment Eases Ceylon Flour Shortage

COLOMBO, Aug. 12, (A. P. I.): Acute shortage of flour, which two months ago forced a 50 per cent cut in the weekly rations to householders, has been considerably relieved with the arrival yesterday of a flour shipment of 9,000 tons from Australia. Another shipment of 8,000 tons is expected to arrive today. It has consequently been possible for the food authorities to restore the cut from today.

COAL INDUSTRY TRANSFER IN NEAR FUTURE

LONDON, Aug. 11. (UPA).—Nationalization of the coal industry—Britain's "noble experiment" of this era—appeared today to have advanced another step but the Government was expected to modify for the steel industry.

Minister of Fuel and Power Emanual Shinwell in a speech at the National Union of Miners Summer School at Bingley said the actual transfer of the British coal industry under the nationalization "experiment" would be made in the near future.

Political sources said the Government apparently has backed down on part of its plans for the steel industry in order to obtain the co-operation of the industry's leaders in its development programme which is more essential to the country's reconstruction than the transfer of property from private to state owners.

These sources said discussions have been underway and there were fair prospects that an agreement will be reached.

Steel industry has refused to participate in preparing its own nationalization plan ever since supply Minister John Wilmot announced the government's intentions to Parliament four months ago.

In his speech today Shinwell said. "It is a mistake to assume that nationalization of the mining industry is yet an accomplished fact. All that has happened so far is that Parliament has decided to vest the industry in the National Coal Board but the actual transfer of the industry from its present owners will not be long delayed."

Shinwell said that in the interests of the whole nation, "this experiment" must succeed. He appealed to persons connected with the industry to "make the utmost effort by co-operation to give the nation the coal it needs."

"DIRECT ACTION DAY" IN LONDON

Leaguers Patch Up Differences For Mass Demonstrations

LONDON, August 11 (Reuter): Muslim Leaguers in Britain will observe the "Direct Action" day called by Mr. Mohamed Ali Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, one day earlier than in India. It is for reasons of convenience that the day will be observed in Britain on August 16.

Mr. Jinnah's call has healed the year-old split between Muslims in Britain, writes Donald Bedford, Reuter's Special Correspondent. Forming a united front against the Indian National Congress organisation here and ready if necessary to defy the British authority at the bidding of their leader, most Muslims in Britain have achieved unity which seemed impossible a short while ago. The conflict between Barrister-at-Law Ali Mohammed Khan and young law student Mohammed Abbas Ali for the leadership of Britain's Muslim Leaguers has ended.

JOINT RALLY

To demonstrate their solidarity, these former rivals are holding a joint rally at Kingsway Hall on Thursday night. Posters are to-day being displayed in London advertising this meeting. They read "good-bye to constitutional methods: Jinnah: we achieve Pakistan or we perish: Muslim nation: we respond to your clarion call of duty."

A joint working committee has, I understand, decided to leave the method of direct action to this meeting. There may be a demonstration against Britain and the Indian National Congress in the streets of London on Thursday night, or alternatively, a demonstration might be held in Trafalgar Square, on the Tower Hill or in Hyde Park—the traditional places for airing of real or imaginary grievances in London—during weekend.

A factor which might turn such demonstrations into a riot is the attitude of non-League Muslims here. Trouble might come from Muslim workers, waiters, seamen and pedlars in London, a majority of whom are violently anti-Pakistan and anti-Muslim League.

But whatever the anti-Pakistan elements decide to do, the police headquarters here at Scotland Yard are keeping alert.

QUEEN SLIGHTLY INJURED: ADVISED REST

BALLATER, SCOTLAND, Aug. 12 (APA): Queen Elizabeth of Britain was injured by a fall near Balmoral Castle on Saturday, cutting and bruising her left leg.

She was walking with the King and Princess Elizabeth and Margaret in Glen Gairn, a favourite picnic spot for the Royal Family when on holiday in Scotland, when the mishap occurred.

Her stockings cut and torn, the Queen was assisted back to the Castle by the King.

Doctor George Middleton, the King's Physician, said the injuries were not serious, but advised the Queen to rest for several days.

Crisis In Bullion Market

Sudden Change In Import Duty

BOMBAY, Aug. 12.—When all City markets are observing today Cocoanut Holiday the local Bullion Market is expected to develop a state of crisis, due to unexpected change in the import duty.

The Government of India have reduced with immediate effect, the import duty on gold from Rs. 25 per tola to Rs. 12/8 per tola and the import duty on Silver from eight annas to four annas an ounce. The object of these reductions, says a Press Note, is to encourage imports of these metals into India.

The local market was closed today but as per terms of contracts any change in duty is to be deducted from the forward price, but the position of spot quotation is directly affected.

Under these new changes in import duty, ready Gold is nominally quoted at Rs. 95 as against the forward quotation Rs. 102.

Silver ready was nominally quoted at Rs. 160 to Rs. 165 while forward quotation was Rs 175.

It appears that the Market will have to pass through unexpected crisis and it is generally anticipated that the Board of Directors would be compelled to fix settlement rates for all outstanding forward business.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET REVIEW

NEW YORK, Aug 10 (UPA): The United Press of America weekly cotton review said that prices, spurred by the unexpectedly low government crop estimate, climbed rapidly as consumers became increasingly concerned over the supply situation for the balance of the season.

After scoring a maximum gain of 10.60 dollars per bale, prices settled back under technical realising and hedge selling, but at Friday's close, the list was still 165 to 212—8.25 dollars to 10.60 dollars a bale—higher than the previous week.

With the small crop plus the fact that last season's carryover was the lowest in ten years and the realisation that evil infestation may mean a further reduction in the current crop became the dominating market influence. Statisticians calculated that the carryover plus the indicated crop showed the overall supply at 16,690,000 bales and figured the surplus supply for the year would be down to a dangerously low level of about 8,000,000 bales.

Prior to the release of the report, prices edged irregularly higher influenced by prospects of a holding movement on the part of southern producers.

The Latest Commodity Credit Corporation statistics revealed that the net loan stock on the 1945 crop cotton on hand August 3rd amounted only to 45,336, bales while the 1944 crop net stock totalled 139,869 bales. The additional 69,393 bales were registered on the export subsidy program the same week with the total for the programme to date amounting to 4,236,709 bales.

COTTON RESEARCH ACTIVITY IN U. S. A.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, Aug. 10, (U. P. A.): The National Cotton Council said today that the Bankhead-Flanagan Research Bill which became law today provides 22,000,000 dollars of the 61,000,000 dollar total for the cotton industry.

The council said that presently less than 3,500,000 dollars are spent on cotton research by all public and private agencies.

The new research will tackle problems of mechanization, cotton growing improvements in processing, new methods of fighting insect infestations, new and stronger varieties of cotton. It will also seek new finishes for cotton fabric, particularly grease resistant. Also, cotton housing materials, unspun cotton fabrics and resin conded high tensile strength yarns will be included in the program.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Aug. 12.

Cocoanuts Raw 165; Dry 205; Cocoanutoil 620; Copra Office 425; Dilpasand 475; Madrasanotiam 500; Goodgooda 472/8; Pepper Wynaad 532/8; Country 526; Dry Ginger Chernad 360; Ernad 240; Coffee Robusta 83.

RAW COTTON IMPORTS IN CANADA.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11. (U. P. A.): Tepartment of Agriculture reported today that Canadian imports of cotton during May totalled 35,000 bales, including 2,000 Indian, 24,0000 American, 7,000 Mexican and 1,000 Brazilian.

For the ten months ended in May, India exported 5,000 bales to Canada.

Starving Father Sells Daughter

NETRAKONA, Aug. 12 (UPI): According to information received at the Local Congress office, pangs of hunger led a father to sell his daughter. The man earned Rs. 9 from the sale.

It is reported that one person of Kandapara-Kailati Union sold away a little bit of land during the last famine and had to dispose off homestead this year. After that the money was exhausted, distress in Bengal again and the wife deserted the husband. The man failed to procure food for the daughter and sold her away for Rs. 9 and himself disappeared soon after.

DISPOSALS

AUCTION PROGRAMME FROM 15TH AUGUST TO 31ST AUGUST, 1946.

PLACE & AUCTIONEER	DATE & TIME	TYPE OF MATERIAL
Salvage Transl. Depot Ahmednagar. (M/s R. S. Craven & Son.)	16 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Salvage Stores
11, Bullock Tpt. Co., Ahmednagar (M/s. R. S. Craven & Son.)	17 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Bullock Carts
Port Salvage Depot, Haji Sunder, Bombay (M/s. Bennett & Co.)	17 and 19 August, 1946 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage Stores
Salvage Transl. Depot. Kurla. (M/s. Gandhi & Co).	21 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Salvage Stores
M.T.B.D. Trimulgherry. (M/s. Vasir Sultan & Sons.)	22 and 23 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	M. T. Parts
Command Salvage Depot. Ghorpuri, (M/s. Jaffar Jusuff).	22, 23 and 24 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage Stores.
Salvage Sub Depot, Trimulgherry. (M/s. Vasir Sultan & Sons.)	24 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Salvage Stores
Salvage Transit Depot Aurangabad. (M/s Vasir Sultan & Sons).	28 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage Stores.
M. T. B. Depot. Dehu Road, (Nusserwanji Sorabji).	26, 27 and 28 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	M. T. Parts.
Salvage Sub Depot. Nasik Road. (M/s. R. S. Craven & Son.)	26 and 27 August, 1946. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage Stores.

Further details regarding these auctions can be had from the auctioneers.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay

Tel: 30041 (5 lines)

CALCUTTA NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

Head Office:— CALCUTTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDINGS MISSION ROW, CALCUTTA.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid-Up Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Reserves over	Rs. 15,00,000

BOMBAY BRANCHES:—

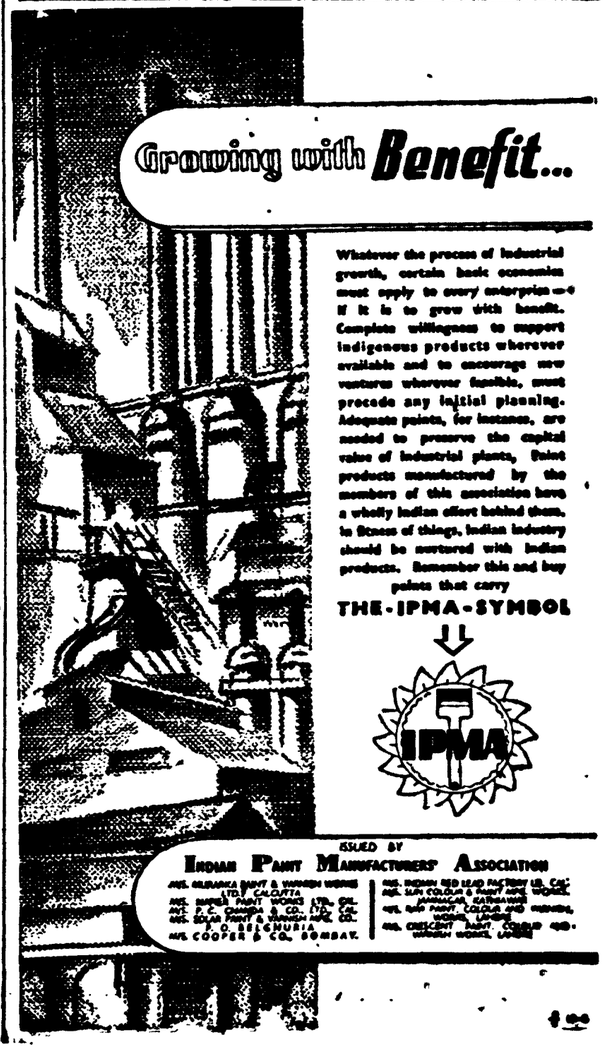
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay
188, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 2
Marwari Vidyalaya Buildings, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 4

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES:

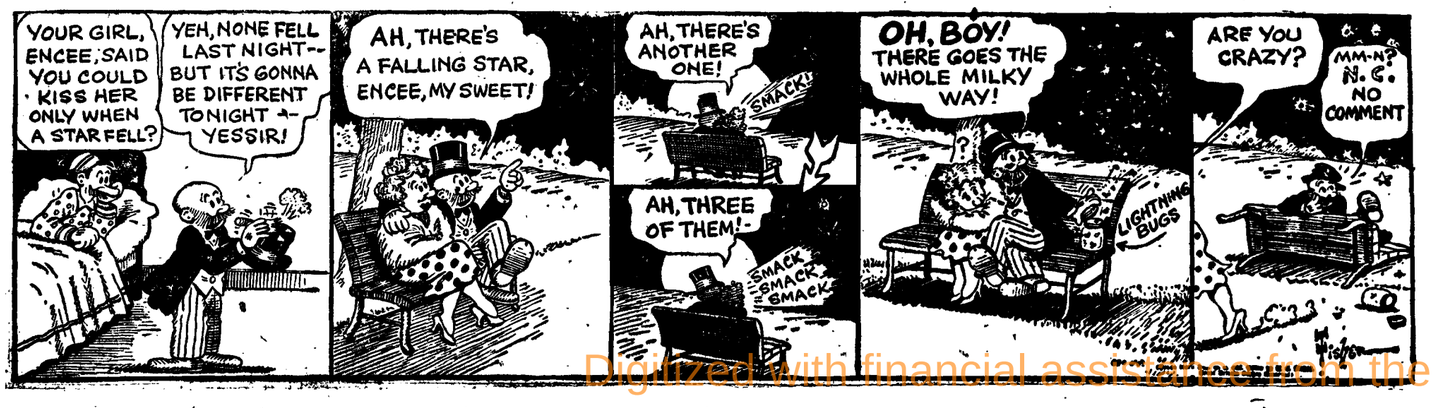
Calcutta:—(Burrabazar, Canning Street, Shambazar, Bhowanipore, Ballygunge), Dacca, Narayangunge, Mymensingh, Chittagong, Dibrugarh, Cuttack, Patna, Gaya, Musaffarpur, Bareilly, Madras, Delhi, Sadarbazar (Delhi), Agra, Meerut, Benares, Allahabad, Katra (Allahabad), Lucknow, Aminabad (Lucknow), Cawnpore, Meston Road (Cawnpore), Amraoti, Raipur, Ajmer, Ahmedabad, Maskatibazar (Ahmedabad), Karachi, Nagpur, Itwari (Nagpur), Jubbulpore, Jubbulpore Cant., Amritsar, Lahore.

London Agent:—MIDLAND BANK LTD.,

ALL SORTS OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.


Growing with Benefit...
Whatever the process of industrial growth, certain basic economies must apply to every enterprise if it is to grow with benefit. Complete willingness to support indigenous products wherever available and to encourage new ventures wherever feasible, must precede any initial planning. Adequate points, for instance, are needed to preserve the capital value of industrial plants. Paint products manufactured by the members of this association have a wholly Indian effort behind them. In fitness of things, Indian industry should be nurtured with Indian products. Remember this and buy paints that carry
THE IPMA SYMBOL
IPMA
ISSUED BY
INDIAN PAINT MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION

MUTT AND JEFF—And So Jeff Started To Ring In Lightning Bugs On Her By BUD FISHER


YOUR GIRL, ENCEE, SAID YOU COULD KISS HER ONLY WHEN A STAR FELL?
YEH, NONE FELL LAST NIGHT-- BUT IT'S GONNA BE DIFFERENT TONIGHT -- YESSIR!
AH, THERE'S A FALLING STAR, ENCEE, MY SWEET!
AH, THERE'S ANOTHER ONE!
SMACK!
AH, THREE OF THEM!
SMACK SMACK SMACK
OH, BOY! THERE GOES THE WHOLE MILKY WAY!
?
LIGHTNING BUGS
ARE YOU CRAZY?
MM-N? N. G. NO COMMENT

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Matron for a Nursing Home in Bombay. Must be a fully qualified nurse and a capable manager. Salary according to capacity and qualifications. Apply Box No. 3058, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Steno-Typists. See the Manager, Indian Hume Pipe Co. Ltd., Construction House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, immediately between 3 and 5 p.m. 9297

Wanted a Pharmaceutical Chemist for an up-country concern. Apply with testimonials regarding experience and pay expected to Manager, Swastic Chemical Works, Ltd., Hubli. (M. & S. M. Rly.). 2940

Wanted An Expert for the manufacture of Soaps and Toilet preparations for a leading manufacturing concern in South India. Only men with previous experience need apply stating terms and salary required to Box No. 9295, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Expert in the manufacture and repair of Surgical Instruments and Hospital Furniture for a leading manufacturing concern in South India. Only persons with previous experience need apply stating terms and salary required to Post Box No. 9294, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Junior Civil Engineer to help in the construction of Reinforced Concrete work. The post is for the present temporary for two years but is likely to be made permanent if the successful candidate gives satisfaction in his work. Please apply stating qualifications, experience and salary required to Manager, Okha Cement Works, Dwarka (Kathiawar). (9288)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol for Professional Diploma Courses, viz., Company Secretarial, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 3074

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Shorthand Teacher Rs. 2/-. Complete book for self-tuition. City Booksellers Sohangunj, Delhi. (2603)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Vitamins. Adovit Tablets—A combination of Vitamin A & D. Best for growing babe and vigorous adolescent. A boon to nursing mothers. Obtainable from your chemist or from Tablets Limited, Madras. Also at 11 Western India House, Fort, Bombay. (9187)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Business Expansion—Firms or Individuals desirous of establishing concerns under Companies Act for carrying on the business of industrialists, Road and Rail transport, Mining, Electric Power Suppliers, Manufacturers, Merchants, Contractors, etc., in an Indian State, may immediately apply to: Box No. 3078, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted—35 to 50 tons Steam driven complete Ice Plant or only ammonia compressors. Give details. Box No. 3077, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

For Sale—Jigger Machines, Three Cast Iron side plates, 60" draw rollers. Three—Wooden side, 60" draw rollers. Correspond with Box No. 9296, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Want to purchase Precipitated Chalk (Indian or Foreign) in Wagon Loads. Please write to A. K. Industries Ltd., 8, Ram Mohan Roy Road, Calcutta. (9289)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT of United Provinces in the Information Department will hold a prize competition in poster designs on (1) Bribery, (2) black marketing and hoarding, (3) communal unity. Three prizes one of Rs. 500, one of Rs. 250 and one of Rs. 100 and six consolation prizes of Rs. 25 each will be awarded in order of merit for sketch design on each of the above subjects. The competition is open to all. Copies of the rules of the competition and the entry forms can be obtained from the Information Department, Council House, Lucknow, on application. The last date for the entry is October 1, 1946. 9102

NOTICE

REFERENCE to the Press Report that appeared some time ago that Mistri Airways Limited is going to operate on the Bombay-Calcutta service in "co-operation with Tatas", it is regretted that the announcement contained the word "co-operation" instead of "Co-ordinating Tata Airline Schedule" as notified to us in the authorisation from the Government of India.

The public is hereby informed that Mistri Airways Limited have and will have no connection whatsoever with Tata Airlines or Air India Limited and will operate on the Bombay-Calcutta route QUITE INDEPENDENTLY.

Bombay, 8th August, 1946.
MISTRI AIRWAYS LIMITED.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE FOLLOWING PLOTS will be put to Public Auction by the undersigned in his Office on TUESDAY, the 27th August, 1946, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Scheme	Estate	Plot No.	Approximate area in sq. yds.	User	Deposit payable.
57	Sewri Wadala	13 (South)	5,165	(shops, (offices, (godowns,	Rs. 5,000
„	„ „	14 (South)	2,500	(residences (& factory.	Rs. 2,500
29	Nowroji Hill	4 (together with building known as Teju Kaya Building)	776	Shops, offices, godowns and residences.	Rs. 6,500

Parties desiring to bid at the auction will have, prior to the auction to deposit with the Municipality the amount mentioned against each plot. If payment is to be made by cheques, they should be sent at least three days prior to the date of auction. No cheques will be accepted on the date of auction, except from recognised Architects or Brokers. An unsuccessful bidder for a plot can avail himself of his deposit for bidding for the next plot. A successful bidder, however, will have to pay a fresh deposit before bidding for the next plot. **THE CONDITION REGARDING SUPPLEMENTING THE AUCTION DEPOSIT ON THE DATE OF AUCTION MENTIONED IN THE CONDITIONS OF AUCTION WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED.** The deposit will be forfeited if the approved bidder withdraws his bid.

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to the plot to be leased together with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of Annas Eight in each case.

The building can be inspected on any day as it is tenanted.

The conditions of the lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

A. R. MANERIKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager.
Bombay, 12th August, 1946. (9293)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIVISION III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase
Jamnagar House, New Delhi.
TENDER NOTICE

SUBJECT:—DISPOSAL OF AMERICAN MILK PRODUCTS.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of American Milk Products. These stores are lying at USASS Depots Balijan, Chabua, Delhi, Kalaikundi, Karachi, Ledo, Northbrook and Tezgaon.

Particulars of quantities, etc., can be obtained by bona-fide intending purchasers from the office of the Chief Director of Purchase on or before 25th August, 1946.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on Monday, the 26th August, 1946, in a sealed cover marked "Tender for American Milk Products due on 26th August, 1946."

Offers should remain open upto midnight 26th September, 1946.

The goods will be sold on a "Said to contain basis" and subject to the general terms and conditions of contract (Form FDM 70), obtainable from the Chief Director of Purchase.

Samples of every brand are not at present available, but as far as possible intending purchasers will be given all available information regarding each brand. Successful tenderers will be given every opportunity to inspect bulk stocks before taking delivery.

Earnest money calculated at 5 per cent of the total cost offered will accompany each offer in the form of a Government treasury receipt or a Reserve Bank of India Draft or Deposit Bank Call Receipt of any schedule Bank in favour of Chief Director of Purchase and classified under the head "Revenue Deposits" if deposited in a Government treasury. Earnest money will be liable to be forfeited if the tenderer resiles from his offer.

Tenders will be considered only for entire quantities of all or any brands available. Tenderers must mention whether packs other than those quoted by them would be acceptable.

Delivery of Milk Products will be ex-site where lying and the purchaser will be responsible for removal including movement by rail or road or sea from depots to destinations. Government will only afford assistance for movement to the extent feasible.

All losses arising from any cause after stores have been taken over by the purchaser ex-depots will be at his risk and expense.

Any tax or duty which may be leviable by the local or Provincial authorities, etc., on the stocks sold shall be payable by the purchaser before or after delivery is taken under local excise rules. Import duty will be paid by Government.

The Chief Director of Purchase reserves the right to accept or refuse, without assigning any reason whatsoever, the whole or any portion of an offer.

Late offers or those which do not give particulars asked for or do not in any way conform to the above conditions WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED.

Sales by tender are not subject to any trade discount. 9300

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Pulses, Dry Coconuts (Copra), Dry Chillies, Tamarind and Spices at the Railway's Central Godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Bunder, Bombay. Tender forms together with the conditions of supply may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date of return of tenders is 14th August, 1946. (9150)

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY
NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for one vacancy of Maharaja Sri Ramchandra Bhanj Deo Fellowship in Samskrit on Rs. 75 p.m. in the Benares Hindu University. The applicant will have to work under the direction of Samskrit Professor of the University. Applicants should be first class M.A.s in Samskrit with a capacity for research work and preferably a knowledge of German and French. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 21st August, 1946.

G. P. MEHTA, M.A.,
Registrar.
Benares, 6-8-1946. 9298

COUNCILS OF POST-GRADUATE TEACHING IN ARTS & SCIENCE.
UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA
NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from B.Sc. students passing with Chemistry (preferably Honours), Physics and Mathematics, for admission to the following class.

Soap Diploma Class; Duration of study—1 year; Course: (1) Oils, (2) Soaps, (3) Perfumes and (4) Descriptive Engineering. Factory training which is compulsory is arranged during the course. Large scale modern soap boiling in the Departmental Workshop is included in the routine.

Applications must be made in the prescribed form which can be had from the undersigned. Classes will commence on the 15th August, 1946.

S. N. MITRA.
Secretary.
Asutosh Buildings,
23-7-46. 9299

M. & S. M. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, M. & S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras, invites sealed tenders for "Stone Ballasting Gadag-Sholapur Branch from mile 87.25 to 130.95 in connection with the work "Relaying with 50 lbs. 'R' F. F. rails on wooden sleepers in lieu of existing 41¼ lbs. rails on steel sleepers."

Tender forms which schedule of rates, giving full particulars of the work, Instructions to Parties Tendering and conditions of Contract can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 10/- each, which will not be refundable.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/- and intending tenderers should send samples of ballast from specified quarries, along with the tender to the Chief Engineer.

Tenders should be superscribed "STONE BALLASTING GADAG-SHOLAPUR BRANCH" and submitted so as to reach the Chief Engineer, not later than 12 noon on Wednesday the 4th September, 1946. (9291)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for Printing, Binding and Supplying the Cash Memo Books and GD. 1 Registers. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 2-9-1946 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) (9292)

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites tenders for the purchase of Saw dust mixed with shavings available for disposal in the G. I. P. Railway Workshops, Matunga, during the period 15-9-1946 to 14-9-1947. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 26th August, 1946 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) 9255

PUBLIC NOTICES

SHREE SAJJAN MILLS, LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shree Sajjan Mills, Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of September, 1946, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), when the sub-joined Resolution will be proposed:—

"That it is desirable to capitalise the sum of Rs. 1,23,500 being part of the Reserve Funds of the Company and accordingly the sum of Rs. 1,23,500 be capitalised and divided amongst the shareholders on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that the said capital sum be applied on behalf of persons who on the 6th day of September, 1946, were holders of 12,350 existing shares of the Company in payment in full for 1,235 shares of the Company of Rs. 100 each ranking for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing shares of the Company and that such 1,235 shares credited as fully paid up be accordingly allotted to such persons in the proportion of ONE SUCH SHARE FOR EVERY TEN OF THE SHARES THEN HELD BY such persons respectively and that the shares so issued shall be treated for all purposes as an increase in the nominal amount of the capital of the Company held by each shareholder and for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution the Directors may issue fractional certificates representing one-tenth of a share or otherwise and may exercise the other powers vested in them in this behalf."

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from THURSDAY, THE 5TH SEPTEMBER, 1946, TO THURSDAY, THE 19TH SEPTEMBER, 1946, both days inclusive

Dated this 1st day of August, 1946.

By Order of the Board,
For Gopaldas Liladhar & Co. Ltd.,
MOOLJI DAYAL,
Director,
Agents.

Notices in particular to:—

1. Mrs. Chanchalbai Gordhandas,
2. Mrs. Bhagwatibai Madhavprasad and Jagdishprasad Madhavprasad, Esq.
3. Jivachand Vajechand, Esq.
4. Bhaishanker Girjashankar, Esq.
5. Sankalchand Nagardas, Esq.
6. Gulab Bhai Bhimbhai Desai, Esq.
7. Bhikhabhai Harjivandas Patel, Esq.
8. Jayshanker Bhuderdas, Esq.
9. Narottamdas Gokuldas, Esq.
10. Lilaben Hemubhai Mehta.
11. Bai Jasudabai Lakhmichand
12. Phoolchand Lakhmichand, Esq.
13. Someshwar Chhaganlal, Esq. and Mrs. Sita Someshwar.
14. Manekchand Tekchand, Esq.
15. Sha Purshottam Choonilal, Esq.,
16. Phulchand Godha, Esq.
17. Dahyabhai Maganlal Parekh, Esq.,
18. Ismail Hasan Mansoor, Esq.,
19. Shantilal Chhotalal Shah, Esq.
20. Vora Abdulbhai Karimbhai, Esq.
21. Bhagwandas Laxmidas, Esq.
22. Vallabhdas Purshottam Parikh, Esq.
23. Ramanlal Bhukhandas Parekh, Esq.
24. Nagindas Gulabdas Choksi, Esq.
25. Bai Gangabai M. Bawa and Jaydevlal Chhabildas, Esq.
26. Girdharlal Tikambhai, Esq.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 16 CARGO LIGHTERS (SERVICEABLE). By order of THE REGIONAL DISPOSALS COMMISSIONER, on THURSDAY, 15-8-46, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), at TROMBAY. Boat will leave for site at 10-30 a.m. from Trombay Jetty. Terms: 25 per cent deposit, balance the next day and immediate delivery.

CRAWFORD & CO.

PLEASE CONSULT AT ONCE

B. L. THOSAR, Income Tax Consultant, at 495-97, Kalbadevi Road for Sales Tax returns to be submitted on or before 31st July, 1946. (T.N. 22997).

ACTION: QUICK AND DIRECT

A Liver tonic must not only have a quick action, but a direct effect on the red blood corpuscles as the blood passes through the liver. That is why doctors say "LIVERGEN for all liver troubles".

GERMOLENE
MEDICATED
SOAP
is an aseptic soap invaluable in cases of prickly heat and all skin infections. It is ideal for your complexion. Its antiseptic properties give you protection without smarting or irritation and you'll like its clean, healthy perfume.

Relieve ASTHMA with GRIMAULT'S STRAMONIUM CIGARETTES

Directors of MISTRI AIRWAYS have pleasure in announcing that they will commence regular service on BOMBAY-CALCUTTA trunk route from 21st August, 1946 with their fleet of DAKOTA AIRCRAFT quite independently.

For fares and time-table please apply to our BOOKING OFFICE, which will open from 16th instant at Rampart Row (Fort), next to Thacker's.

FLEET

12 DAKOTAS—21 SEATER ON REGULAR AIRLINES: PROCTORS & NORSMANS FOR CHARTER & FREIGHT ANYWHERE.

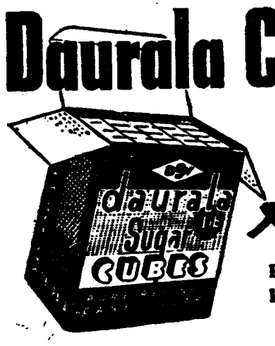
MISTRI AIRWAYS LIMITED.

Asian Air Buildings, 130, Worli, Bombay. Tel.: 45491; 44002.
Reg. Office: Wavell House, Ballard Estate. Tel.: 27172.

Remember
THE NAME OF THE FABRICS
That
● Served you well BEFORE THE WAR
● Served the Allies DURING THE WAR
● Will serve you well IN THE FUTURE

Dhariwal FABRICS
SOON NOW A WIDE & VARIED RANGE OF DHARIWAL FABRICS WILL BE AVAILABLE
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS, DHARIWAL (PUNJAB)

Daurala Cube Sugar



An Announcement

Please cut this out and keep it for future reference.

The reasonable retail price for Daurala Sugar Cubes is As. -/11/- per packet, plus octroi and local taxes wherever in force. Please do not pay more. As supplies are limited buy only what you need for your immediate requirements and leave enough for others.

The dealers in Poona City, Camp & Kirkee listed below are some of the important retailers who keep this product and will sell it to you in limited quantities for your domestic requirements.

CAMP AREA

Dorabjee & Company. Burma Stores. Eduljee & Co. Modi Stores. Deccan Provision Stores. A. Aspandiar & Sons. E. Moretore, British India Provision Mart. P. P. Shah. Tulshi Ram Kani Ram. Poona Provision Stores. Khemchand Dayaljee & Sons. Prince of Wales Stores. St. George Stores.

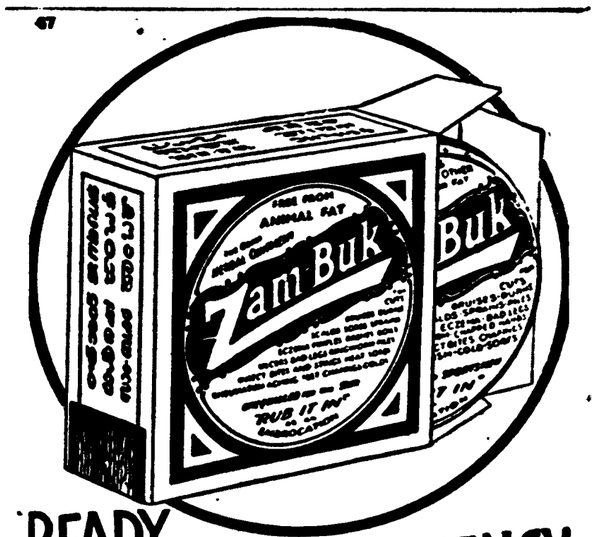
CITY.

L. B. Joglekar. Reliable Stores. Variety Stores. Civic Limited. Ashok Stores. Sani Provision Stores. K. P. Joshi. Bombay Stores. D. S. Bhave & Bros.

KIRKEE.

Kirkee Stores, Kirkee.

THE DELHI CLOTH & GENERAL MILLS CO. LTD. DELHI



READY for Any EMERGENCY

ZAM-BUK. The World's Greatest Skin Cure.

EVERY home needs its box of Zam-Buk. World-famed for half-a-century, this valuable herbal ointment is the safest antiseptic healer for your skin. It soothes pain like magic, reduces inflammation and cures in the shortest possible time. From cases of simple cuts, bruises, burns or foot troubles to serious skin complaints such as eczema, ulcers, abscesses, bad legs, itch, poisoned wounds, ringworm and scalp sores, Zam-Buk Ointment is unrivalled. It is highly recommended and used by Doctors and Nurses everywhere. So, get a box of Zam-Buk to-day and the whole family will benefit.

GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT.
At all medicine dealers.

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADE at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.